



Installation Manual

PC1580

Software Version 1.1C
DLS-1 V6.2S and up

• W A R N I N G •

This manual contains information on limitations regarding product use and function and information on the limitations as to liability of the manufacturer. The entire manual should be carefully read.

NOTICE – You must read this entire manual, including all notices and warnings, in order to install this system so that it is fully functional.

WARNING – This entire system must be completely tested on a regular basis to verify the operation of all system functions, in accordance with the recommendations of the security systems industry. However, despite frequent testing, and due to, but not limited to, criminal tampering or electrical disruption, it is possible for this product to fail to perform as expected.

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System Introduction

S E C T I O N 1

1.1 Specifications

Control Panel Specifications

Flexible Zone Configuration:

- Six fully programmable zones
- Seven Access Codes: five User, one Master and a Guard code
- Normally Closed, Single EOL, Double EOL
- 22 Zone Types, 6 Programmable Zone Options

Audible Alarm Output:

- Supervised Bell Output (current limited at 3 amps), 12 Vdc
- Steady or Pulsed Output

EEPROM Memory: Does not lose programming or system status on complete AC and Battery failure

Programmable Outputs:

- Two Programmable Voltage Outputs, 23 programmable options
 - One High Current (300 mA) PGM output on main panel
 - One Low Current (50 mA) PGM output on main panel

Powerful 1.5 Amp Regulated Power Supply:

- 550 mA Auxiliary Supply, 12 Vdc
- Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) components replace fuses
- Supervision for loss of AC Power, Low Battery
- Internal Clock Locked to AC Power Frequency

Power Requirements:

- Transformer = 16.5 VAC, 40VA
- Battery = 12 volt 4 Ah minimum rechargeable sealed lead acid

Remote Keypad Specifications:

- Three Different Keypads Available:
 - PC5506 6 Zone LED Keypad
 - LCD5500 Alphanumeric Keypad
 - PC1575RK 6 Zone LED Keypad
- The PC5506 and LCD5500 keypads have 5 Fully Programmable Function Keys
- Connect up to 8 Keypads
- Four Wire (Quad) Connection to KEYBUS
- Built in Piezoelectric Buzzer

Digital Communicator Specifications:

- Supports Major Formats including SIA, Contact ID and Robofon
- Event Initiated Personal Paging and Residential Dial
- Three Programmable Phone Numbers
- Two Account numbers
- Supports LINKS1000 Cellular Communication
- DTMF and Pulse Dialing
- DPDT Line Seizure
- Anti-jam Feature
- Split Reporting of Selected Transmissions to Each Telephone Number

System Supervision Features

The PC1580 continuously monitors a number of possible trouble conditions including:

- AC Power Failure
- Trouble by Zone
- Tamper by Zone
- Fire Trouble
- Telephone Line Trouble
- Failure to Communicate
- Low Battery Condition
- Bell Output Trouble
- Module Fault (Supervisory or Tamper)
- Loss of Internal Clock
- AUX Power Supply Fault

False Alarm Prevention Features

- Audible Exit Delay
- Audible Exit Fault
- Communication Delay
- Urgency on Entry Delay
- Quick Exit

Additional Features

- Auto Arm at Specified Time
- Keypad Activated Alarm Output and Communicator Test
- All modules connect to the system via a four wire KEYBUS up to 1000'/305m from main panel
- Event Buffer can be printed using PC5400 RS232 Serial Interface module
- Supports the ESCORT 5580 Voice Prompt Module with Automation/Lighting Control
- An Event Buffer which records the past 100 events with both the time and date at which they occurred
- Uploading and Downloading capability
- Local Downloading capability with the use of the PC-LINK Adaptor

1.2 Additional Devices

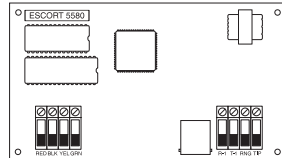
1.2.1 Keypads

A maximum of eight keypads can be connected to the control panel and can be any combination of the following listed.

- **PC5506** 6 zone LED keypad with function keys
- **LCD5500** LCD keypad with function keys
- **PC1575RK** 6 zone LED keypad
- **SL-75** 6 zone Slimline LED keypad

1.2.2 ESCORT5580 Module

There are many benefits to adding the ESCORT5580 module to a security system. The ESCORT5580 module will turn any touch tone phone in the world into a fully functional keypad.



Imagine the security a customer would feel if they had the ability to arm, disarm and check status of their alarm system while at the office or on vacation.

All touch tone phones in the home also become system keypads. For example, at bedtime, the phone beside the bed can be used to arm the system. The addition of the ESCORT5580 may reduce the cost of the overall installation, eliminating the need for additional keypads and the labour of running wires.

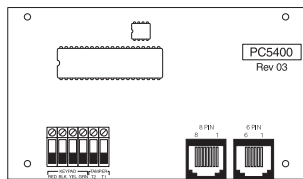
The ESCORT5580 will also act as a tutor for the system. By using clear, easy to understand sentences, the voice module helps guide the user through functions they may otherwise find difficult to navigate. Programmable zone labels (up to 6 words each from our library of over 240 words) makes the system even easier to use.

The module also has a built-in power line control interface and can control up to 32 power line control devices for lighting and temperature control, giving you the power to add home automation in a very cost effective manner. Devices can be activated individually, as a group, by schedule or can be activated when an event occurs on the system, such as an alarm.

These are just a few of the applications available with the addition of the ESCORT5580 module. For more information, please refer to the ESCORT5580 Installation Manual.

1.2.3 PC5400 Printer Module

This module will give you the added advantage for the commercial customers who like the idea of a permanent record of openings and closing but are put off by the additional monthly monitoring charge. In addition, as reports are generated in real-time, the customer will not have to wait for a monthly report form the monitoring station.



The PC5400 Printer Module will allow the panel to print out all events that occur on the system to any serial printer. The printout will contain the time, date and the event that occurred (see Section – 5.25 “On-site Printer”).

1.2.4 Downlook Video Transmission Module

The Downlook Still-Frame Video Transmission Module (DLM-1/DLM-4) is the ideal solution for all business and residential environments which require visual surveillance but where the presence of on-site security personnel is impossible, undesirable or unaffordable.

Downlook is the smart and inexpensive way to add visual backup to your regular remote alarm signalling system, meeting your demand for tighter security on a tight budget. The added visual protection will reduce the incidence of false alarms as well as surveillance costs, thus improving the overall security protection.

For more information regarding the Downlook Video Transmission Module, please consult the DLM-1/DLM-4 Installation Manuals.

1.2.5 LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator

The LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator provides an efficient, cost-effective method for adding cellular back up to the security system. The LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator can be used three different ways: as the sole communicator for the panel, as a back up for either or both phone numbers or as a redundant back up to the land line communicator where the panel will call both the land line and via the LINKS. The unit comes in its own cabinet with antenna and requires a separate battery and transformer (see Section 5.24 “LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator”).

! The LINKS1000 is only supported by the North American AMPS Network and is not supported by the European GSM Network.

1.2.6 Cabinets

Several different cabinets are available for the PC1580 modules. They are as follows:

PC5003C Cabinet

Control cabinet for the PC1580 main panel. Dimensions 288mm x 298mm x 78mm / 11.3” x 11.7” x 3” approximately.

PC5004C Cabinet

Cabinet to house the PC5580 ESCORT Module or the PC5400 Printer Module. Dimensions 229mm x 178mm x 65mm / 9” x 7” x 2.6” approximately.

1.3 Out of the Box

Please verify that each of the following components is included in your system:

- one PC1580 control cabinet
- one PC1580 control circuit board
- one keypad (LED keypad or LCD keypad)
- one Installation Manual including Programming Worksheets
- one Instruction Manual for the end user
- one hardware pack consisting of:
 - four plastic circuit board standoffs
 - twelve 5600Ω (5.6K) resistors
 - one 2200Ω (2.2K) resistors
 - one 1000Ω (1K) resistor
 - EGND Assembly
 - one cabinet door plug

Getting Started

S E C T I O N 2

The following Sections provide a thorough description of how to wire and configure devices and zones.

2.1 Installation Steps

The following steps are provided to assist you with installing the panel. We suggest that you read this section in its entirety before you begin. Once you have an overall understanding of the installation process, carefully work through each step. Working in this manner will reduce the number of problems as well as the amount of time required for a complete installation.

Step 1 Create a Layout

Draw a rough sketch of the building to get an idea of where all alarm detection devices, keypads and other modules are to be located.

Step 2 Mounting the Panel

Locate the panel in a dry area close to an unswitched AC power source and the incoming telephone line. Before attaching the cabinet to the wall, be sure to press the four circuit board mounting studs into the cabinet from the back. After you have attached the cabinet to the wall, stick the provided DSC logo sticker on the front of the cabinet.

! *You must complete all wiring before applying AC or connecting the battery to the panel.*

Step 3 Wiring the KEYBUS (Section 2.3)

Wire the KEYBUS to each of the modules following the guidelines provided in Section 2.3 of this manual.

Step 4 Zone Wiring (Section 2.8)

You must power down the control panel to complete all zone wiring. Please refer to Section 2.8 when connecting zones using normally closed loops, single EOL resistors, double EOL resistors, Fire zones and Keyswitch Arming zones.

Step 5 Complete Wiring (Section 2.2)

Complete all other wiring including bells or sirens, phone line connections, and ground connections following the guidelines provided in Section 2.2 ("Terminal Descriptions").

Step 6 Power up the Control

Once all zone and KEYBUS wiring is complete, power up the control panel.

! *The panel will not power up on the battery connection alone.*

Step 7 Keypad Assignment (Section 2.5)

In order for keypads to be properly supervised, each must be assigned to a different slot. Please follow the guidelines provided in Section 2.5 when assigning keypads.

Step 8 Supervision (Section 2.6)

The supervision of every module by the panel is automatically enabled upon power up. Please verify that all modules appear on the system according to the instructions in Section 2.6.

Step 9 Programming the System (Sections 4 and 5)

Section 4 explains how to program the panel. Section 5 contains a complete description of the various programmable features, which options are available and how they function. The Programming Worksheets (pages 25-33) should be filled out completely before attempting to program the system.

Step 10 Testing the System

The panel must be thoroughly tested to ensure that all features and functions are operating as programmed.

2.2 Terminal Descriptions

AC Terminals – AC

The panel requires a 16.5 volt, 40 VA transformer. Connect the transformer to an unswitched AC source and connect the transformer to these terminals.

! *Do not connect the transformer until all other wiring is complete.
The panel can be programmed to accept a power line frequency of either 50Hz or 60Hz in programming section [81], Option [1].*

Battery Connection

A 12V 4Ah rechargeable gel-cell battery is used as a back up source of power in the event of an AC power failure. The battery also provides additional current when the panel's demands exceed the power output of the transformer, such as when the panel is in alarm.

! *Do not connect the battery until all other wiring is complete.*

Connect the RED battery lead to the positive battery terminal; connect the BLACK lead to negative.

Auxiliary Power Terminals – AUX+ and AUX-

These terminals provide up to 550 mA of additional current at 12 Vdc for devices requiring power. Connect the positive side of any device requiring power to the AUX+ terminal, the negative side to AUX- (ground). The AUX output is protected. This means that if too much current is drawn from these terminals (such as a wiring short), the panel will temporarily shut off the output until the problem is corrected.

Bell Output Terminals – BELL+ and BELL- (Section 3.4)

These terminals provide up to 700 mA of continuous current at 12 Vdc for powering bells, sirens, strobes or other warning-type equipment. Connect the positive side of any alarm warning device to BELL+, the negative side to BELL-. Please note that the Bell output is protected: if too much current is drawn from these terminals (such as a wiring short), the Bell fuse will open. Three Amps can be drawn for short periods only.

The Bell output is supervised. If no alarm warning devices are in use, connect a 1000 ohm resistor across BELL+ and BELL- to prevent the panel from displaying a trouble condition. For more information, please refer to Section 3.4 ("[*] [2] Trouble Display").

The bell is programmed by default to terminate after four minutes. The **Bell Cutoff** time can be adjusted in programming section [02] ("System Times").

KEYBUS Terminals – AUX+, AUX-, YEL, GRN (Section 2.3)

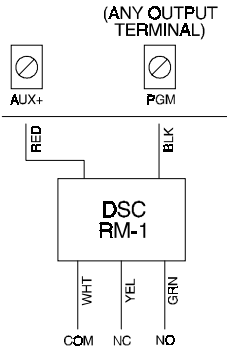
The KEYBUS is used by the panel to communicate with modules and vice versa. Each module has four KEYBUS terminals that must be connected to the four KEYBUS terminals on the panel. For more information, see Section 2.3 ("KEYBUS Operation and Wiring").

Programmable Outputs – PGM1 and PGM2

Each PGM output is designed so that when activated by the panel, the terminal will switch to ground.

PGM2 can sink up to 50 mA of current to activate LEDs or a small buzzer. Connect the positive side of the LED or buzzer to AUX+, the negative side to PGM2. If more than 50 mA of current are required, a relay must be used. Please study PGM wiring in the accompanying diagram.

PGM1 is a high current output which operates similar to PGM2. PGM1 is used for high current output (300mA).

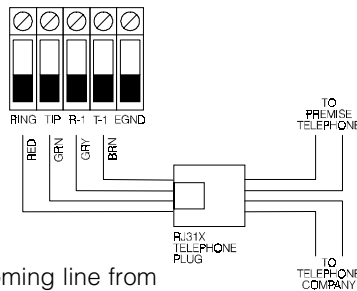


Zone Input Terminals – Z1 to Z6

Each detection device must be connected to a zone on the control panel. We suggest that one detection device be connected to each zone; wiring multiple detection devices to a single zone, however, is possible. For zone wiring specifics, please see Section 2.8 (“Zone Wiring”).

Telephone Connection Terminals – TIP, RING, T-1, R-1

If a telephone line is required for central station communication or downloading, connect an RJ-31X telephone jack in the following manner:



- TIP - Green Wire } incoming line from
- RING - Red Wire } telephone company
- R-1 - Grey Wire } outgoing line to
- T-1 - Brown Wire } house telephone(s)

! *Please ensure that all plugs and jacks meet the dimension, tolerance and metallic plating requirements of 47 C.F.R. Part 68, SubPart F. For proper operation, no other telephone equipment should be connected between the control panel and the telephone company facilities. Do not connect the alarm panel communicator to telephone lines intended for use with a fax machine. These lines may incorporate a voice filter which disconnects the line if anything other than fax signals are detected, resulting in incomplete transmissions.*

2.3 KEYBUS Operation and Wiring

The KEYBUS is used by the panel to communicate with all connected modules and vice versa. The red (AUX+) and black (AUX-) terminals are used to provide power, while the yellow (YEL) and green (GRN) terminals are clock and data respectively.

! *The four KEYBUS terminals of the panel must be connected to the four KEYBUS terminals or wires of all modules.*

The following restrictions apply to KEYBUS wiring:

- KEYBUS should be run in minimum 22 gauge quad (0.5mm); two pair twist is preferred.
- The modules should be home run to the panel but can be connected in series or T-tapped .
- Any module can be connected anywhere along the KEYBUS. You do not need to run a separate KEYBUS wire for keypads, etc.
- No module can be more than 1,000'/305m (in wire length) from the panel.
- Shielded wire should not be used unless wires are run in an area that presents excessive RF noise or other such interference.

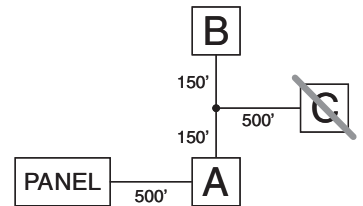
Example of KEYBUS Wiring

NOTE:

Module (A) is correctly wired within 1,000'/305m of wire from the panel.

Module (B) is correctly wired within 1,000'/305m of wire from the panel.

Module (C) is NOT wired correctly as it is further than 1,000'/305m from the panel, in wire distance.



2.4 Current Ratings – Modules and Accessories

In order for the PC1580 system to operate properly, the power output capabilities of the main control and the expansion devices must not be exceeded. Use the data presented below to ensure that no part of the system is overloaded and cannot function properly.

PC1580 (12 Vdc)

VAUX: 550 mA. Includes one keypad. Subtract for each additional keypad, expansion module and accessory connected to VAUX or KEYBUS.

BELL: 700 mA. Continuous Rating. 3.0 A. Short Term. Available only with stand-by battery connected.

PC1580 Device Ratings (@ 12 Vdc)

- LCD5500 Keypad: 50 mA
- PC5400 Serial Module: 65 mA
- PC5506 Keypad: 45 mA
- PC1575RK Keypad: 50 mA
- DLM-4: 160 mA standing / 180 mA transmitter
- Escort: 65mA standing / 130 mA on-line

Other Devices

Please read the manufacturer's literature carefully to determine the maximum current requirements for each device—during activation or alarm—and include the proper values for loading calculations. Connected devices must not exceed system capabilities during any possible operational mode.

2.5 Keypad Assignment

There are eight available slots for keypads. LED keypads by default are always assigned to slot 1; the LCD5500 is always assigned to slot 8. Whereas the PC1575 LED keypad must always be assigned to slot 1, the PC5506 and LCD5500 keypads can each be assigned to a different slot (1 to 8).

Keypad enrollment is required since the panel must know which slots are occupied in order to generate a fault when a supervisory is not present.

How to Assign Keypads

! *Each keypad must be assigned one at a time. After assigning all keypads, a supervisory reset should be performed.*

To assign a keypad to a slot, enter the following:

1. Enter Installer's Programming.
2. Press [00] for Keypad Programming.
3. Press [0] for Slot Assignment.
4. Enter a two digit number (11-18) to specify which supervisory slot the keypad will occupy.

Press the [#] key twice to exit programming. Continue this procedure at each keypad until they have all been assigned to the correct slot.

! *When using more than one LCD keypad, be sure that only one is assigned to slot number 8.*

2.6 Supervision

By default, all modules are supervised upon installation. Supervision is enabled at all times so that the panel can indicate a trouble if a module is removed from the system.

A connected module which does not show as being present will appear as a trouble condition and the Trouble light on the keypad will turn ON. This condition may be due to one or more of the following reasons:

- the module is not connected to the KEYBUS
- there is a KEYBUS wiring problem
- the module is more than 1,000'/305m from the panel
- the module does not have enough power

For more information regarding module supervision troubles, please refer to Section 3.4 ("[*] [2] Trouble Conditions").

! *Modules will not be automatically supervised if connected while in installers mode.*

2.7 Removing Modules

The panel must be instructed to no longer supervise a module being removed from the system. To remove the module, disconnect it from the KEYBUS and reset the supervision field by entering [92] in the installer's programming. The panel will be reset to recognize and supervise all existing modules on the system.

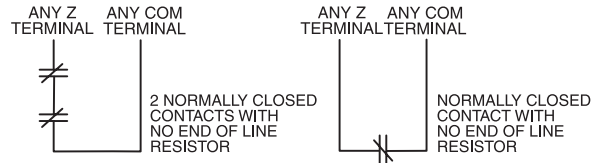
2.8 Zone Wiring

For a complete description of the operation of all zone types, please refer to Section 5.2 ("Zone Definitions").

There are several different ways in which zones may be wired, depending on which programming options have been selected. Please refer to the following diagrams to study each type of individually supervised zone wiring.

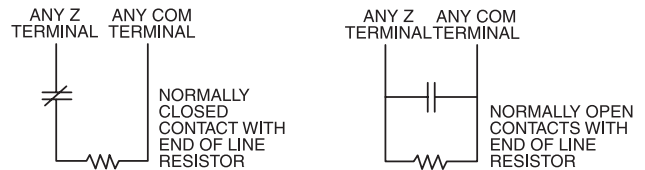
! *Any zone defined as Fire or 24 Hour Links Supervisory will automatically require a single End of Line (EOL) resistor regardless of which type of zone wiring supervision is selected. (See Section 5.2 "Zone Definitions.") Reconfiguring the zone supervision from a non-default setting—from DEOL to EOL or from NC to DEOL—may disable zones 1-6 while open or in trouble. To prevent this situation, the system should be powered down completely and powered up again.*

2.8.1 Normally Closed (NC) Loops



! *This option should only be selected if Normally Closed (NC) detection devices or contacts are being used.*

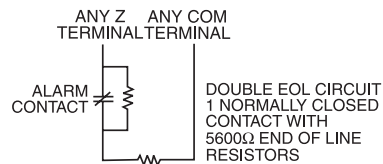
2.8.2 Single End Of Line (EOL) Resistors (5600Ω)



! *This option should be selected if either Normally Closed (NC) or Normally Open (NO) detection devices or contacts are being used.*

2.8.3 Double End of Line (DEOL) Resistors

Double End of Line resistors allow the panel to determine if the zone is in alarm, tampered or faulted.



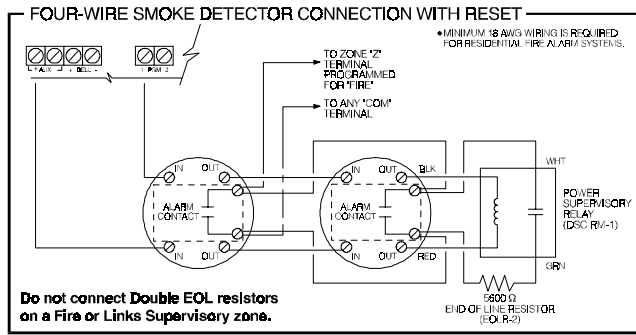
! *This option can only be selected if Normally Closed (NC) detection devices or contacts are being used (ie: Do not use DEOL resistors for Fire zones or LINKS Supervisory zones). Only one NC contact can be connected to each zone. Multiple detection devices or contacts on a single loop is not allowed.*

The following chart shows zone status under certain conditions:

- Loop Resistance Loop Status
- 0Ω (shorted wire, loop shorted) Fault
- 5600Ω (contact closed) Secure
- Infinite (broken wire, loop open) Tamper
- 11200Ω (contact open) Violated

2.8.4 Fire Zone Wiring — Four-Wire Smoke Detectors

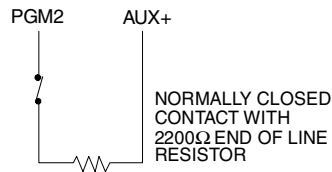
All fire zones must be wired according to the following diagram:



Do not connect Double EOL resistors on a Fire or Links Supervisory zone.

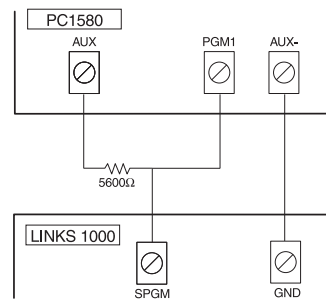
2.8.5 Keyswitch Zone Wiring

If PGM2 has been programmed for keyswitch operation (momentary or maintained), the keyswitches must be wired according to this diagram:



2.8.6 LINKS Support

When using the LINKS1000 cellular communicator, the connection must be made according to this diagram. PGM1 must be programmed as option 16 “LINKS Support”.

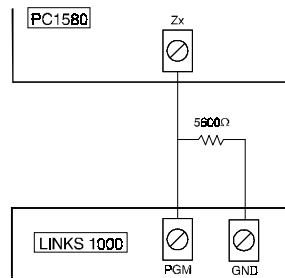


2.8.7 LINKS Supervisory

When using the LINKS1000 cellular communicator, any zone may be configured for LINKS Supervisory.

With a LINKS Supervisory zone, if the LINKS1000 experiences a trouble, the zone will be violated, causing the panel to report the event to the central station. This type of zone *always* requires a single EOL resistor (5600Ω).

The LINKS Supervisory zone must be wired according to the accompanying diagram.

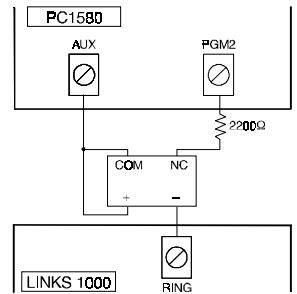


2.8.8 LINKS Answer

When using the LINKS1000 cellular communicator, PGM2 may be configured for LINKS Answer.

PGM2 configured for LINKS Answer allows downloading to be performed in the event of phone line failure. When the LINKS receives a phone call, it will activate the RING terminal on the LINKS circuit board. PGM output 2 programmed as LINKS Answer *always* requires a single EOL resistor (2200Ω).

The LINKS Answer PGM2 must be wired according to the accompanying diagram.



The LINKS Answer zone is only required for downloading to the panel via the LINKS.



When using the LINKS, Busy Tone Detection must not be used.

2.9 Wiring Gauge Conversion Table

North American Gauges (AWG)	Metric Wire Diameter (mm)
AWG-14	1.62mm
AWG-16	1.29mm
AWG-18	1.02mm
AWG-19	0.91mm
AWG-20	0.81mm
AWG-21	0.72mm
AWG-22	0.64mm
AWG-24	0.50mm

Keypad Commands

S E C T I O N 3

The PC1580 alarm panel can be accessed, controlled and completely programmed via any keypad on the system. The LED keypad uses function and zone indicator lights to represent alarm functions and status. The LCD keypad provides a written description on the liquid crystal display and uses function indicator lights to communicate alarm status to the user.

The following sections describe how to arm and disarm the system from each type of keypad, and how to perform other keypad functions.

3.1 Arming and Disarming

The system cannot be armed unless the Ready light is ON. In order for the system to be in the Ready state, all protected doors and windows must be secured and all movement in areas covered by motion detectors must cease. When the Ready light is ON, enter any valid access code. As each digit is pressed, the keypad will beep. If the correct code is entered when the system is not in the Ready state, the panel will sound six quick beeps followed by a long two-second beep to indicate that the system is not secured.

If an incorrect code is entered, the keypad will emit a steady two second beep to indicate the invalid access code. When the correct code is entered and the system is Ready, the panel will emit six short beeps and the Armed light will turn ON. If there is an AC, DC or TLM trouble present, the keypad will sound a 5-second beep as a warning. Exit the premises through the designated entry/exit door. For other methods of arming, please refer to section 3.4 (“[*] [0] Quick Exit” and “[*] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay”) and section 3.5 (“Function Keys”).

When you enter the premises through a designated entry/exit door while the system is armed, the keypad will emit a steady beep to remind you to disarm the system. Enter a valid access code from any keypad to disarm the system. If an error is made, press the [#] key and enter the code again. When a correct code is entered, the Armed light will turn OFF and the keypad will stop beeping. During the last 10 seconds of entry delay, the panel will pulse the keypad beeper ON and OFF rapidly to warn you that the entry delay is about to expire.

If an alarm occurred while the panel was armed, the Memory light and the zone indicator lights corresponding to the zones which went into the alarm will be flashing. Press the [#] key to return the keypad to the Ready state.

3.2 Auto Bypass – Stay Arming

Stay arming allows the user to arm the system without leaving the premises. All interior zones can be programmed to be bypassed during Stay arming so that the user does not have to bypass interior zones manually.

When the system is armed using a valid user code, if any zones on the system have been programmed as Stay/Away zones, the Bypass light will turn ON. The panel will then monitor all zones programmed as Delay 1 and Delay 2 zones, such as designated entry/exit doors. If no delay type zone is violated by the end of the exit delay, the panel will bypass all Stay/Away type zones. The Bypass light will remain ON to inform the user that the interior protection has been automatically bypassed by the panel. If a delay zone is violated during the exit delay, the Stay/Away zones will be active after the exit delay expires.

The user can add the Stay/Away zones back into the system at any time by entering the [*] [1] keypad command (see section 3.4 “[*] [1] Bypassing and Reactivating Stay/Away Zones”).

Stay arming can also be initiated by pressing and holding the Stay function key for two seconds on the PC5506 and LCD5500 keypads, if programmed by the installer. For more information regarding Stay arming, please see section 3.5 (“Function Keys”).

3.3 Automatic Arming

The system can be programmed to Auto-Arm at a specific time every day if it is in the disarmed condition.

In order for the Auto-Arm function to work properly, the correct **Time of Day** must be programmed. To program the clock and Auto-Arm times, see Section 3.4 ([*] [6] User Functions)

When the system’s internal clock matches the **Auto-Arm Time**, the panel will check the system status. If armed, the panel will do nothing until the next day at the **Auto-Arm Time**, when it will check the system again. If disarmed, the panel will sound the buzzer of all keypads for five minutes. If a valid User Code is entered, the Auto-Arming will be aborted and will attempt to auto arm two hours later.

If no code is entered, the panel will Auto-Arm. If a zone is violated, the panel will transmit a **Partial Closing Reporting Code** – if programmed – to indicate to the central station that the system is not secure. If the zone is restored, the panel will add the zone back into the system (see Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”).

3.4 [*] Commands

The [*] key commands provide an easy way for the user to access basic system programming – such as entering user codes or bypassing zones. The user can also use the [*] key commands to check on the system’s status, including viewing trouble conditions and displaying the event buffer on the LCD keypad.

The [*] key commands can be performed from both LCD and LED keypads. The LED keypad uses the zone indicator lights to display command information. The LCD display provides written information, guiding the user through each command. The commands in this section are explained as viewed from an LED keypad. When using an LCD keypad, use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll through information provided. Otherwise, the functions remain the same for both keypad types.

[*][1] Bypassing and Reactivating Stay/Away Zones

The [*] [1] keypad command can be used to bypass individual zones. A bypassed zone will not cause an alarm, fault or tamper. The user can bypass zones to gain access to an area while arming the rest of the system or to override a defective zone—due to a bad contact or damaged wiring—until service can be provided.

If the **Code Required for Bypass** option is enabled, a valid code must be entered to bypass zones (see section 5.1 “Programming Security Codes”).

If the **Bypass Status Displayed While Armed** is chosen, the Bypass light will be ON while the system is armed to indicate any bypassed zones (see section 5.15 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

! Zones can only be bypassed when the system is disarmed.

To bypass a zone:

1. Enter [*] [1] (and an access code, if required).
2. The keypad will flash the Bypass light and the zone indicator lights corresponding to any zones already bypassed will turn ON.
3. Enter the number corresponding to the zone you wish to bypass. The corresponding zone indicator light will turn ON.
4. Press [#] to exit the function.
All zones whose indicator lights are ON when the [#] key is pressed will be bypassed. The Bypass light will turn ON, indicating that zones are bypassed.

To reactivate a bypassed zone:

1. Enter [*] [1] (and an access code if required).
2. The keypad will flash the Bypass light. The zone indicator lights corresponding to any zones already bypassed will turn ON.
3. Enter the number corresponding to the bypassed zone you wish to reactivate. The corresponding zone indicator light will turn OFF.
4. Press [#] to exit the function.
All zones whose indicator lights are ON when the [#] key is pressed will be bypassed. If no zone indicator lights were ON, the Bypass light will be OFF and no zones will be bypassed.

! When the system is disarmed, all manually-bypassed zones will be unbypassed.

Reactivate Interior

If the system is armed in the Stay mode, the [*] [1] command can be used to reactivate the Stay/Away zones.

! Reactive Stay/Away cannot be used with an alarm in memory. Please ensure all force-armed zones are restored before reactivating the Stay/Away zones (See Section 5.3 “Zone Attributes”).

[*] [2] Trouble Display

The panel constantly monitors itself for several different trouble conditions. If a trouble condition is present, the Trouble light will be ON and the keypad will beep twice every 10 seconds. The trouble beep can be silenced by pressing any key on any keypad.

! Trouble conditions are latching and will not clear until they are viewed with the trouble restored.

To view trouble conditions from an LED keypad:

1. Press [*] [2].
2. The keypad will flash the Trouble light. The zone indicator lights corresponding to the present trouble conditions will be ON.

When using an LCD keypad, the trouble conditions will be listed on the display; the user must simply use the arrow (< >) keys to scroll through the list of present trouble conditions. The various troubles are described below:

Trouble [1] – Service Required

If zone indicator light [1] is ON, a “service required” trouble is present. Press [1] to determine the specific trouble. The following is a list of “service required” trouble conditions:

- Light [1] – Low Battery
The main panel backup battery is low. The trouble will be generated if the battery drops below 11.5 volts under load and will be restored when the battery charges to over 12.5 volts. If this trouble is present when you arm the system, a 5 second beep will sound as warning.
- Light [2] – Bell Circuit Trouble
The panel will indicate this trouble if the Bell fuse is blown or if the panel senses an open condition on the bell circuit (see Section 5.12 “Siren Supervision”).
- Light [3] – General System Trouble
This trouble will be present if the printer connected to the PC5400 Printer module has a fault and is off-line, or if the ESCORT module does not detect the Power Line Interface Module.
- Light [4] – General System Tamper
This trouble will be indicated if any peripheral module tamper is detected.
- Light [5] – General System Supervisory
This trouble will be indicated if the panel loses communication with any module connected to the KEYBUS (see Section 2.6 “Supervision”). The event buffer will log a detailed description of the event.

Trouble [2] – AC Failure

This trouble indicates that AC power is no longer being supplied to the control unit. The reporting codes in sections [43] and [44] can be programmed to communicate a power failure to the monitoring station. To avoid reporting short power failures to the monitoring station, an **AC Failure Communication Delay** from 000-255 minutes can be programmed in section [62]. If this trouble is present when you arm the system, a 5 second beep will sound as warning.

Trouble [3] – Communication Troubles

There are two types of telephone line trouble conditions. Press [3] to display which type of trouble is present:

- [1] – Telephone Line Monitoring Trouble (TLM)
The telephone connection to the control unit is monitored every 10 seconds. If the voltage drops below one to three volts for the number of consecutive checks programmed in section [62], a telephone line trouble is generated. If the system has a LINKS1000, this trouble can be reported to volts for the number of consecutive checks programmed in section [62], a telephone line trouble is generated. If the

system has a LINKS1000, this trouble can be reported to a monitoring station by programming reporting codes in sections [43] and [44]. If this trouble is present when you arm the system, a 5 second beep will sound as warning.

- [2] – Failure to Communicate (FTC)
This trouble will be generated if the communicator fails to communicate with any of the programmed telephone numbers. If a later attempt is successful, the FTC reporting code(s) programmed in section [45] will be transmitted along with the unreported events from an earlier unsuccessful communication.

FTC trouble can be cleared by entering [*][2].

Trouble [4] – Zone Fault (including Fire Zone)

This trouble will be generated if any zone on the system is experiencing trouble, meaning that a zone could not provide an alarm to the panel if required to do so. When a zone fault trouble condition occurs, the keypad(s) on the system will start to beep, if disarmed or activate the bell while armed. Press [4] while in Trouble mode to view the affected zones.

! A Fire zone trouble will be generated and displayed in the armed state. A Fire zone trouble will also restart the trouble beeps from all keypads.

Trouble [5] – Zone Tamper

This trouble is only generated by zones configured for Double End Of Line Resistor Supervision when a tamper condition is present. When a tamper condition occurs, the keypad(s) will start to beep, if disarmed or activate the bell while armed. Press [5] while in the Trouble mode to view the affected zones.

Trouble [6] – Loss of System Time

This trouble occurs when the control unit is powered up and the internal clock has not been set. Setting the time with User Function [*][6][Master Code][1] will clear this trouble.

[*] [3] Alarm Memory

The 'Memory' light will be on if any alarm occurred during the last armed period or – in the case of 24 hour zones – if an alarm occurred while the panel was disarmed.

To view alarm memory:

Press [*] [3]. The keypad will flash the Memory light and the zone indicator lights corresponding to the alarm or tamper conditions which occurred during or since the last armed period. To clear the Memory light, arm and disarm the system.

[*] [4] Door Chime On/Off

The door chime feature is used to sound a tone from the keypad whenever a zone programmed as a chime zone is activated (see Section 5.3 – “Zone Attributes”). If the door chime feature is enabled, the keypad will emit five short beeps whenever a chime zone is activated. Designated entry/exit doors are often defined as chime zones; when the feature is enabled, the keypads will sound when an entry/exit door is opened.

To turn Door Chime ON or OFF:

1. Press [*] [4].
2. The keypad will emit three short beeps if the Door Chime feature is enabled and one long beep when disabled.

The function can also be performed by pressing and holding the Chime function key for two seconds on any PC5506 or LCD5500 keypad.

[*] [5] Programming Access Codes

There are 6 access codes available to the user. They are as follows:

- Access code (1) One Master Code
- Access codes (2) to (6) Five User Codes

All access codes have the ability to arm or disarm the system and can activate the PGM Outputs using the [*] [7] [1] [Access Code] and [*] [7] [2] commands.

Master Code – Access Code (1)

By default, the Master Code is enabled to perform any keypad function. This code can be used to program all User Codes. If the **Master Code Not Changeable** option is enabled, the Master Code can only be changed by the Installer.

User Codes – Access Codes (2) to (6)

User codes can arm and disarm the system. By selecting the **No Code Required for Bypassing** option, each user can also have the ability to bypass zones without entering an access code.

Duress Code – Access Code (6)

If the **Sixth Code is Duress Code** option is enabled, the sixth code can be programmed by the user as a Duress Code which will send a Duress reporting code to the central station when entered.

For more information regarding access code options, please see Section 5.1 – “Programming Security Codes.”

How to program User Codes:

1. Enter [*] [5] [Master Code]. The keypad will flash the Program light. The zone indicator lights corresponding to access codes already programmed will turn ON.
2. Enter the number corresponding to the code you wish to program. The corresponding zone light will flash.
3. Enter a 4 digit code. The zone light will turn ON.
4. Continue from step 2 until all codes are programmed. Once the process is complete, press the [#] key to return to the Ready state.

! Do not press [*] or [#] when programming the 4 digit code.

How to erase an Access Code:

Enter [*] [5] [Master Code], select the code to be erased and press [*].

[*] [6] User Functions

This keypad command can be used to program several different functions. The programmable items are listed and described below.

To program User Functions:

1. Press [*] [6] [Master Code]. The Program light will flash.
2. Press the number [0] to [9] for the item to be programmed.

• **[1] – Time and Date**

The time and date must be accurate for the Auto-Arm or Test Transmission functions to work properly and for

the event buffer to time and date stamp all events.
 - Enter the time (hour and minute) using military format [HH MM] from 00:00 to 23:59.
 - Enter the date by month, day and year [MM DD YY].

• **[2] – Auto-Arm Enable/Disable**

Auto-Arming will not work unless it is enabled for the system. To enable or disable auto-arming, press [2]. The keypad will emit three short beeps if the Auto-Arm feature is enabled and one long beep when disabled. For more information, see Section 3.3 – “Auto-Arming”.

• **[3] – Auto-Arm Time**

The system can be programmed to Auto-Arm at a certain time. When programming the auto-arming time, enter the time (hour and minute) using military format [HH MM]. For more information, see Section 3.3 – “Auto-Arming”.

• **[4] – System Test**

When [4] is pressed the panel will test the bell output, keypad lights and the communicator for two seconds. The panel will also send a System Test Reporting code, if programmed (see Section 5.7 – “Communicator – Reporting Codes”).

• **[5] – Enable DLS (Downloading)**

When [5] is pressed, the panel will enable the downloading option for one hour. During this time the panel will answer incoming downloading calls (see Section 5.9 “Downloading”).

• **[6] – User Initiated Call-Up**

When [6] is pressed, the panel will initiate call-out to the downloading computer.

• **[7] – Last Code to Disarm and Arm**

Pressing [7] will display the last code to disarm the system. Then, pressing [9] will display the last code to arm the system.

• **[0] – Walk Test Enable / Disable**

The Installer Walk Test can be used to verify that each zone of the panel is functioning properly. Any zone violated during a walk test will cause the panel to activate the Bell Output for two seconds, log the event to the Event Buffer and communicate the alarm to central station. All zones (and PGM2 if it is an input) must be restored to enable walk test.

Additional Features using the LCD Keypad

Additional features, including access to the Event Buffer, are available using the LCD keypad. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll through the [*] [6] menu and press the [*] key to select the following commands:

Viewing the Event Buffer from an LCD Keypad

Select “View Event Buffer” from the [*] [6] menu. The keypad will display the event, event number, time and date along with the zone number and user code, if applicable. Press [*] to toggle between this information and the event itself. Use the arrow keys (<>) to scroll through the events in the buffer. When you have finished viewing the Event Buffer, press the [#] key to exit.

Brightness Control

The LCD keypad will allow you to select from 10 different backlighting levels. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired backlighting level and press the [#] key to exit.

Contrast Control

The LCD keypad will allow you to select from 10 different display contrast levels. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired contrast level and press the [#] key to exit.

Keypad Beeper Control

The LCD keypad will allow you to select from 21 different keypad beeper tones. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired keypad beeper level and press the [#] key to exit. This featured can be accessed on LED keypads by holding the [*] key.

[*] [7] Output Functions

There are two output functions available to the user: Utility Output and Sensor Reset.

To activate Utility Output:

Press [*] [7] [1][Access Code].

The panel will activate all PGM Outputs programmed as utility outputs for five seconds (see Section 5.10 – “PGM Outputs”).

To activate Sensor Reset:

Press [*] [7] [2].

The panel will activate all PGM Outputs programmed as Sensor Reset for five seconds.

This function can also be performed by pressing and holding the Reset function key for two seconds on any PC5506 or LCD5500 keypad.

[*] [8] Installer’s Programming

Enter [*] [8] followed by the Installer’s Code to enter this function. Installer’s Programming is outlined in detail in Sections 4 and 5 of this manual.

[*] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay

When the system is armed with the [*] [9] command, the panel will cancel the entry delay. Once the exit delay has expired, Delay 1 and Delay 2 type zones will be instant and Stay/Away zones will be bypassed (see Section 5.2 – “Zone Definitions”). A valid access code must be entered after pressing [*] [9].

[*] [0] Quick Arm

If the Quick Arm option is enabled, the panel can be armed without a user code by entering [*] [0] (See Section 5.15 “Arming / Disarming Options”).



Quick Arm cannot be used to cancel Auto Arm.

Quick Exit

The Quick Exit function, if enabled, will allow someone to leave an armed premises through a Delay type zone without having to disarm and rearm the system (See Section 5.15 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

When [*] [0] is entered, the panel will provide a two minute window for the user to exit the premises. During this time, the panel will ignore *only one* activation of a Delay zone. When the Delay zone is secured, the panel will end the two minute quick exit delay.

If a second Delay zone is tripped or if the zone is not restored after two minutes, the panel will begin the entry delay.



If the Exit Delay is in progress, performing a Quick Exit will not extend the Exit Delay.

3.5 Function Keys



The function keys only appear on the PC5506 and LCD5500 keypads

There are five function keys on the PC5506 and LCD5500 keypads located to the right of the number pad. A function is activated by pressing and holding the appropriate key for two seconds.

3.5.1 Function Key Options

The following is a list of Function Key options available. Each option is listed according to their programming code, followed by their corresponding [*] key command. For more information regarding each function, please refer to the appropriate segment in section 3.4 (“[*] Commands”)

[00] – Null Key

The key is not used and will perform no function when pressed.

[01]-[02]– Not Used

[03] – Stay Arm

Pressing this key will arm the system in the Stay mode, meaning that all Stay/Away type zones will be automatically bypassed. Delay type zones will provide entry and exit delay. The Quick Arm feature must be enabled in order for this key to function (programming section [10], option [6]).

[04] – Away Arm

Pressing this key will arm the system in the Away mode. All Stay/Away type zones and all other non-bypassed zones will be active at the end of the exit delay. Delay type zones will provide entry and exit delay. The Quick Arm feature must be enabled in order for this key to function.

[05] – [*] [9] No-Entry Delay Arm

Once this function key is pressed the user must enter a valid user code. The system will arm and remove the entry delay from the system when the exit delay expires (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay”).

[06] – [*] [4] Door Chime On / Off

Pressing this key will toggle the Door Chime feature ON or OFF. One solid beep means that the feature has been disabled and three short beeps means that it has been enabled (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [4] Door Chime”).

[07] – [*] [6] [----] [4] System Test

This function key provides the user with a simple method for testing the system.

[08] – [*] [1] Bypass Mode

This function key provides the user with a simple method for entering the Bypass Mode. If a user code is required, it must be entered before zone bypassing can be performed.

[09] – [*] [2] Trouble Display

This function key provides the user with a simple method for entering the Trouble Display Mode.

[10] – [*] [3] Alarm Memory

This function key provides the user with a simple method for entering the Alarm Memory Display Mode.

[11] – [*] [5] Programming Access Codes

This function key provides the user with a simple method for programming user codes. Once this key is pressed, a valid master code must be entered before the panel will allow programming to be performed.

[12] – [*] [6] User Functions

This function key provides the user with a simple method for programming user functions. Once this key is pressed, the Master code must be entered before the panel will allow user functions to be performed.

[13] – [*] [7] [1] Utility Output

This function key provides the user with a simple method for activating a PGM Output programmed as utility output (see section 5.10 – “PGM outputs”). Once this key is pressed, a valid user code must be entered.

[14] – [*] [7] [2] Sensor Reset

Pressing this key will cause the panel to activate for five seconds all PGM outputs programmed as Sensor Reset.

[15] – Not Used

[16] – [*] [0] Quick Exit

Pressing this key will cause the panel to activate the Quick Exit feature (See Section 3.4 – “[*] [0] Quick Exit”).

[17] – [*] [1] Reactivate Stay/Away Zones

This function key provides the user with a simple method for adding Stay/Away zones back into the system at night-time (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [1] Bypassing and Reactivating Stay/Away Zones”).

How to Program

S E C T I O N 4

The following section of the manual describes the Installer's Programming function and how to program the various sections.

! *You must read the following section of the manual very carefully before you begin programming. We also recommend filling out the Programming Worksheets before you program the panel.*

.....
For your reference, the corresponding programming sections for the functions listed are highlighted in text boxes such as this one.
.....

4.1 Installer's Programming

Installer's Programming is used to program all communicator and panel options. The **Installer's Code** is [1580] by default but may be changed to prevent unauthorized access to programming.

.....
Installer Code Section [03]
.....

From an LED Keypad:

- Step 1** Enter [*] [8] [Installer's Code].
- The Program light will flash to indicate you are in programming mode.
 - The Armed light will turn ON to indicate that the panel is waiting for the two digit programming section number.
- Step 2** Enter the two digit Section number corresponding to the section you wish to program.
- The Armed light will turn OFF.
 - The Ready light will turn ON to indicate that the panel is waiting for the information required to complete programming the selected section.
- Step 3** Enter the information required to complete section programming (ie: numbers, HEX data, or ON/OFF options).

! *If the two digit Section numbered entered is invalid, or if the module which pertains to the section is not present, the keypad will sound a two second error tone.*

From an LCD Keypad:

- Step 1** From any keypad, enter [*] [8] [Installer's Code]. The Keypad will display 'Enter Section' followed by two dashes.
- Step 2** Enter the two digit number corresponding to the programming section number you wish to program. The keypad will now display the information required to complete programming the selected section.
- Step 3** Enter the information required to complete section programming (ie: numbers, HEX data, or ON/OFF options).

If you enter information into a section and make a mistake, press the [#] key to exit the section. Select that section again and re-enter the information correctly.

4.2 Programming Decimal Data

A set number of programming boxes are allotted for each section requiring decimal data (e.g.: codes, telephone numbers). If a digit is entered for each program box, the panel will automatically exit from the selected programming section. The Ready light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON.

You can also press the [#] key to exit a programming section without entering data for every box. This is handy if you only need to change digits in the first few programming boxes. All other digits in the programming section will remain unchanged.

4.3 Programming HEX Data

On occasion, hexadecimal (HEX) digits may be required. To program a HEX digit press the [*] key. The panel will enter HEX programming and Ready light will begin to flash.

The following are the numbers which should be pressed to enter the appropriate HEX digit:

1 = A 2 = B 3 = C 4 = D 5 = E 6 = F

After the correct HEX digit is entered, the Ready light will continue to flash. If another HEX digit is required, press the corresponding number. If a decimal digit is required, press the [*] key again. The Ready light will turn ON and the panel will return to regular decimal programming.

Example:

To enter 'C1' for a closing by user 1, you would enter
[*] [3] [*] , [1]
[*] to enter Hexadecimal mode (Ready light flashes)
[3] to enter C
[*] to return to decimal mode (Ready light is solid);
[1] to enter digit 1

! *If Ready light is flashing, any number you enter will be programmed as the HEX equivalent.*

If you are using a pulse format, a decimal zero [0] does not transmit. Programming a zero [0] tells the panel not to send any pulses for that digit. Decimal zero [0] is a filler digit. To make a zero [0] transmit, it must be programmed as a Hexadecimal 'A'.

Example:

For the three digit account number '403', you would enter
[4], [*] [1] [*] [3], [0].
[4] to enter the digit 4;
[*] to enter Hexadecimal mode (Ready light flashes)
[1] to enter A
[*] to return to decimal mode (Ready light is solid);
[3] to enter the digit 3;
[0] to enter the digit 0 as a filler digit.

4.4 Programming Toggle Option Sections

Some Sections contain several toggle options. The panel will use zone lights 1 through 6 to indicate if the different options are enabled or disabled. Press the number corresponding to the option to turn it ON or OFF. Once all the toggle options have been selected correctly, press the [#] key to exit the section and save the changes. The Ready light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON.

Refer to Section 5 in this manual to determine what each option represents and whether the light should be ON or OFF for your application.

4.5 Viewing Programming

LED Keypads

Any programming section can be viewed from an LED keypad. When a programming section is entered, the keypad will immediately display the first digit of information programmed in that section.

The keypad displays the information using a binary format, where

Zone Light 1 = 1	Zone Light 2 = 2
Zone Light 3 = 4	Zone Light 4 = 8

Add up the values for the zone lights to determine the number displayed (for example, no zone lights = 0, all 4 zone lights = 15 HEX 'F').

Press any of the Emergency Keys (Fire, Auxiliary or Panic) to advance to the next digit. When all the digits in a section have been viewed, the panel will exit the section; the Ready Light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON, waiting for the next two digit programming section number to be entered. Press the [#] key to exit the section

LCD Keypad

When a programming section is entered, the keypad will immediately display all the information programmed in that section.

Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll through the data being displayed.

Scroll past the end of the data displayed or press the [#] key to exit the section.

Program Descriptions

S E C T I O N 5

The following section explains the operation of all programmable features and options and provides a summary of all corresponding programming locations.

5.1 Programming Security Codes

There are three codes which can be programmed by the installer in the Installer's Programming function: the Master Code, a Guard Code, and the Installer's Code. All other access codes can be programmed through the [*] [5] command (see Section 3.4).

The Master Code can also be programmed by the user as access code (1). If the **Master Code Not Changeable** option is enabled, the System Master Code can only be changed by the Installer.

The Guard Code can always arm and disarm the system only after an alarm or if a tamper, fault or trouble condition is present. It can also be used to bypass zones, activate the utility output and cancel auto arming. It is programmed by the Installer in Section [05].

User codes can arm and disarm the system. By selecting the **No Code Required for Bypassing** option, each user code can also have the ability to bypass zones without entering the Master Code.

If the **Sixth Code is Duress Code** option is enabled, the sixth code can be programmed by the user as a Duress Code which will send a Duress Reporting Code to the central station when entered.

If the **6-Digit User Access Codes** option is enabled, all the access codes may be programmed with six digits instead of four, with the exception of the Panel ID code and the Downloading Access Code.

.....

Installer's Code	Section [03]
Master Code	Section [04]
Guard Code	Section [05]
Master Code Not Changeable	Section [09], option [1]
No Code Required for Bypassing	Section [09], option [2]
Sixth Code is Duress Code	Section [09], option [3]
6-Digit User Access Codes	Section [81], option [4]

.....

! *When enabling 6-digit access codes, if the master code is anything other than default, the last two digits will be [00].*

5.2 Zone Definitions

These sections will allow you to select how each of the 6 zones will operate. Each zone requires a two digit entry. In addition to zone definitions, six different attributes may be programmed by zone (see Section 5.3 – “Zone Attributes”).

[00] Null Zone

The zone is vacant. Unused zones should be programmed as Null zones.

[01] Delay 1

This zone type, normally used for entry/exit doors, can be violated during the exit delay time without causing an alarm. Once the exit delay has expired, opening the zone will start the entry delay timer. During the entry delay time, the keypad buzzer will sound steadily to advise the user that the system should be disarmed. If the panel is disarmed before the entry time expires, no alarm will be generated.

[02] Delay 2

The Delay 2 entry delay time can be set independent of Delay 1 in programming section [02] (System Times).

[03] Instant Zone

This zone type will cause an instant alarm if it is violated when the panel is armed. Typically, this zone is used for windows, patio doors or other perimeter zones.

[04] Interior Zone

This zone will not cause an alarm if violated during the entry delay. If the zone is violated before the entry delay has begun, it will cause an instant alarm. Typically, this zone is used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors.

[05] Interior Stay/Away Zone

This zone type works similar to the Interior zone type except that it will be automatically bypassed under the following conditions:

- When the panel is armed in the Stay Mode (see Section 3.5 – “Function Keys”).
- When the panel is armed without entry delay (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay”).
- When the panel is armed with a user code and a Delay type zone is NOT tripped during the exit delay.

The automatic bypass prevents the user from having to manually bypass interior type zones when arming at home. This zone is typically used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors.

[06] Delay Stay/Away Zone

This zone type will operate similar to Interior Stay/Away zones except that it will always provide an entry delay. Typically, this zone is used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors. This zone option will help prevent false alarms since it always provides an entry delay time for the user to turn off the panel.

[07] Delayed 24 Hour Fire Zone

When this zone is violated, the alarm output will be immediately activated but the communicator will be delayed for 30 seconds. If the user presses any key on any keypad during this delay, the alarm output and the communicator will be delayed an additional 90 seconds, giving the user time to correct the problem. If the zone is still violated after the 90 second delay, the panel will sound the alarm output and delay the communicator for 30 seconds.

If the user does not press a key during the 30 second delay, the alarm output will latch and the panel will communicate the alarm to the central station. The alarm will sound for the Bell Cutoff time programmed in Section [02] (“System Times”).

! *If a second Fire type zone is violated or if the Fire keys are pressed during the delay period, the panel will latch the alarm output and will immediately communicate the alarm.*

A violated Fire zone will be displayed on all keypads and can be delayed at any keypad. Typically this zone is used for latching smoke detectors.

[08] Standard 24 Hour Fire Zone

When this zone is violated, the panel will immediately latch the alarm output and communicate to the central station.

The alarm will sound for the Bell Cutoff time programmed in Section [02] (“System Times”).
 A violated Fire zone will be displayed on all keypads. Typically this zone is used for pull stations.

[09] 24 Hour Supervisory Zone (with LINKS)
 If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will report to the central station and will log the zone fault to the Event Buffer.

[10] 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer Zone
 If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will immediately communicate to the central station. The panel will latch the keypad buzzer until a valid user code is entered, maintained or a momentary keyswitch is activated.

[11] 24 Hour Burglary Zone
 If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will immediately latch the alarm output and communicate to the central station. The alarm will sound for the Bell Cutoff time programmed in Section [02] (“System Times”) or until a valid user code is entered.

[12] - [20]
 The following zone definitions operate similar to the 24 Hour Burglary except for the System Event output type and the SIA identifier:

- [12] 24 Hour Heat Zone**
- [13] 24 Hour Gas Zone**
- [14] 24 Hour Holdup Zone**
- [15] 24 Hour Medical Zone**
- [16] 24 Hour Panic Zone**
- [17] 24 Hour Emergency Zone**
- [18] 24 Hour Sprinkler Zone**
- [19] 24 Hour Water Flow Zone**
- [20] 24 Hour Freezer Zone**
- [21] 24 Hour Latching Tamper** – If this zone is violated, the installer must enter Installer’s Programming before the system can be armed.
- [22] 24 Hour Bell/Buzzer** – This operates as a type [11] except the bell/siren output is activated only when the panel is armed and only the keypad buzzer is activated while the panel is disarmed.

5.3 Zone Attributes

! *All zones, with the exception of 24 Hour and Fire, have an exit delay. When the system is armed, the zones may be violated during the exit delay without causing an alarm. Attributes for Fire Zones should not be changed from the default settings.*

Additional zone attributes can be programmed to customize the operation of a zone for a specific application. The following attributes are programmable for each zone:

- **Audible / Silent** – This attribute determines whether or not the zone will activate the alarm output.
- **Pulsed / Steady** – This attribute determines whether the alarm output will be steady or will pulse on and OFF every second.
- **Activate Chime** – This attribute determines whether or not the zone will activate the chime feature (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [4] Door Chime On/Off”).
- **Bypass Enable** – This attribute determines whether or not the zone can be manually bypassed (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [1] Bypassing and Reactivating Stay/Away Zones”).

- **Force Arm Enable** – This attribute determines whether or not the system can be armed while a zone is violated. At the end of the exit delay, if this type of zone is violated, it will be ignored by the panel. Once the zone is secured, it will be monitored by the system. This zone attribute, for example, will allow the user to arm the system with the garage door open. Later, when the door is closed, it will be armed along with the rest of the system.
- **Downlook Activation Option (Video)** – If enabled, this attribute will activate the DLM-1/DLM-4 Downlook module. When a given zone goes into alarm, it will activate the DLM to take a picture of that zone.

.....
 Zones Attributes Sections [21] - [26], Options [1] - [6]

5.4 Communicator – Dialing

If the **Communicator Disable** option is selected, the panel will not attempt to call central station. If communication is enabled, the panel will attempt to call central station when an event with a valid Reporting Code occurs (See Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Code”).

The **Communicator Call Direction** Options are used to select which phone number the panel will dial when an event occurs.

If the **DTMF Dialing** option is enabled, the panel will dial using DTMF (touch tone). If the **Switch to Pulse Dial** option is enabled, the panel will switch to pulse dialing on the fifth attempt to call the central station. When this option is disabled, the panel will always dial using DTMF. If **DTMF Dialing** is disabled, the panel will always pulse dial. When the **Force Dialing** option is enabled, if the panel fails to call the monitoring station on the first dialing attempt, use the R-button, search for dial tone again and then it will dial out with or without the presence of dial tone.

The panel will attempt to send a signal to central station eight times before indicating a Failure to Communicate (FTC) trouble condition. The Third Phone Number can be used as a back up for the first number in this situation (see Section 5.6 – “Communicator – Phone Numbers”).

If the **Bell on FTC when Armed** option is enabled, an audible alarm will sound during a period of communication failure.

If the **Answer Acknowledge Enabled (ID Tone)** option is selected, the panel will pulse a tone on the telephone line to indicate that the panel is on the line. The **ID Tone Frequency** can be set at either 2100Hz or at 1300Hz.

The **European Dialing Parameter** option will set the pulse dialing Make/Break ratio to 67/33 from the North American ratio or 60/40.

! *Contact your local telephone company to confirm which dial setting should be used.*

.....
 Communicator Enable/Disable Section [60], Option [1]
 Communicator Call Direction Options Section [51] to [55]
 DTMF or Pulse Dialing Section [60], Option [2]
 Switch to Pulse Dialing on 5th attempt Section [60], Option [3]
 Force Dialing Section [82], Option [2]
 Bell on FTC when Armed Section [81], Option [5]

Answer Acknowledge Enabled (ID Tone) Section [82], Option [5]
 ID Tone Frequency Section [82], Option [6]
 European Dialing Parameter Section [82], Option [1]

! *Busy tone detection and ID tone must not be used together. Busytone detection is not supported with the ROBOFON format.*

5.5 Communicator – Account Numbers

The account number is used by the central station to distinguish between panels. There are two account numbers programmable for the PC1580.

First Account Code (6 digits) Section [34]
 Second Account Code (6 digits) Section [35]

5.6 Communicator – Phone Numbers

The panel can use three different phone numbers for communicating with the central station. The **First Phone Number** is the primary number, the **Second Phone Number** is the secondary number and the **Third Phone Number** will back up the First phone number if enabled.

! *The Third Phone Number will NOT back up the Second Phone Number.*

If the **Alternate Dial** option is enabled, the panel will alternate between the first and third phone numbers when attempting to call the central station. If the option is disabled, the panel will only attempt to call the Third phone number after failing to communicate with the first phone number.

! *In order for Alternate Dialing to work properly, the Third Phone Number must be enabled.*

Phone numbers can be up to 32 digits which will allow you to add special digits if required. To program the phone number, enter the numbers 0 through 9 as required. The following is a list of programmable HEX digits and the function they perform:

- HEX (B) - simulates the [*] key on a touch tone phone
- HEX (E) - forces the panel to pause for 2 seconds
- HEX (C) - simulates the [#] key on a touch tone phone
- HEX (F) - marks the end of the phone number
- HEX (D) - forces the panel to search for dial tone

First Phone Number Section [31]
 Second Phone Number Section [32]
 Third Phone Number Section [33]
 Third Phone Number Enable Section [60], Option [4]
 Alternate Dial Section [60], Option [5]

If dial tone is not detected, the panel will use the R-button feature to switch to the other line.

! *If no Dial Tone Detect (HEX D) is used in the phone number, a 2-second pause (HEX E) should be inserted.*

5.7 Communicator – Reporting Codes

The panel can be programmed to report events to the central station by sending the Reporting Code programmed for a particular event.

Reporting codes can be one or two digits and can use HEX digits (A through F). The following is a description of the different Reporting Codes that can be programmed and when the events will be reported to central station.

Reporting Codes Section [36] to [46]

5.7.1 Zone Alarm

The panel will transmit the **Zone Alarm** Reporting Code when a zone goes into alarm. 24 hour type zones will go into alarm whether the panel is armed or disarmed and report to the central station. All other types of zones will only go into alarm if the panel is armed. The **Police Code** reporting code will be sent after 2 non 24-hour zones have gone into alarm within the same armed period.

Zone Alarm Reporting Codes Section [36]
 Police Code Reporting Code Section [36]

! *Only Zone Alarms will count towards the Police Code*

5.7.2 Zone Restoral

If the **Restoral on Bell Time-out** option is selected, the panel will send the **Zone Restoral** Reporting Code for the zone if the alarm output times out *and* the zone is secured. If the zone is not secured when the alarm output times out, the panel will send the restoral immediately once the zone is secured.

If the **Restoral on Bell Time-out** option is not selected, the panel will immediately send the **Zone Restoral** Reporting Code when the zone is secured, regardless of whether or not the alarm output is active.

! *24 Hour type zones will report the restoral immediately once the zone is secured.*

Zone Restoral Reporting Codes Section [37], Option [6]
 Restoral on Bell Timeout Section [60], Option [6]

5.7.3 Closings (Arming Codes)

The panel will transmit a **Closing** Reporting Code to indicate that the system is armed. A different Reporting Code can be transmitted for each User Code and Master Code to identify who has armed the system.

If programmed, a **Partial Closing** Reporting Code will be sent along with the **Closing** Reporting Code if one or more zones were manually bypassed when the system was armed to warn the monitoring station of a security compromise.

! *When you are programming the partial closing reporting code, all closing codes must also be programmed.*

If the **Closing Confirmation** option is enabled, the keypad will sound a series of eight beeps to confirm to the user that the closing code was sent and received by the central station.

Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes Section [41]
 Partial Closing Reporting Code Section [41]
 Closing Confirmation Section [61], Option [1]

5.7.4 Openings (Disarming Codes)

The panel will transmit an **Opening** Reporting Code to indicate that the system has been disarmed. A different Reporting Code can be transmitted for each User Code and Master Code to identify who has disarmed the system.

If the **Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback** option is enabled, the keypad will emit a series of eight beeps after an Opening Reporting Code was sent and received by the monitoring station. If the **Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback** option is enabled, the bell will squawk eight times instead of the keypad to notify the user of a successful transmission.

! *The Opening After Alarm code must be programmed when the Transmission Delay is being used. See Section 5.17 "Transmission Delay".*

-
- Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes Section [42]
- Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback Section [61], Option [2]
- Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback Section [61], Option [3]
-

5.7.5 Tamper

If the panel is programmed for Double EOL zones (see Section 2.8 – "Zone Wiring"), the panel will report a **Zone Tamper Alarm** Reporting Code and sound the keypad buzzer (disarmed) or bell (armed), if an open condition is present. A different Reporting Code can be programmed to identify each zone. The **Zone Tamper Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted immediately when the tamper condition is restored.

A **General System Tamper** Reporting Code will be transmitted when the tamper zone on any module is violated. The **General System Tamper Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted when the tamper zone on the module is restored.

-
- Tamper Alarm Reporting Codes Section [38]
- General System Tamper Alarm Section [38]
- Tamper Restoral Reporting Codes Section [39]
- General System Tamper Restoral Section [39]
-

5.7.6 Priority/Emergency

The panel will transmit a **Keypad Fire Alarm** Reporting Code and the **Keypad Fire Restoral** Reporting Code when the Fire Keys on any keypad are pressed for two seconds.

The panel will transmit a **Keypad Auxiliary Alarm** Reporting Code and the **Keypad Auxiliary Restoral** Reporting Code when the Auxiliary Keys on any keypad are pressed for two seconds.

The panel will transmit a **Keypad Panic Alarm** Reporting Code and the **Keypad Panic Restoral** Reporting Code when the Panic Keys on any keypad are pressed for two seconds.

The panel will transmit a **Duress** Reporting Code any time the Duress Code is entered at any keypad.

-
- Priority Alarm and Restoral Reporting Codes Section [40]
-

5.7.7 Maintenance

The panel will transmit a **Battery Trouble Alarm** Reporting Code when the backup battery charge drops below 11.5 Vdc. The **Battery Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code will not be transmitted until the battery has been charged to over 12.5 Vdc.

To prevent the panel from transmitting an **AC Failure Trouble Alarm** Reporting Code during short power outages, the panel will not send the signal unless AC power is lost for the amount of minutes programmed for the **AC Failure Communication**

Delay. The **AC Failure Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted as soon as AC power is restored.

A **Bell Circuit Trouble Alarm** Reporting Code will be transmitted immediately when an open condition is measured for the Bell Output of the main panel. The **Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted as soon as the problem is corrected.

A **Fire Trouble Alarm** Reporting Code will be immediately transmitted when an open condition is measured on any Fire type zone (see Section 5.2 – "Zone Definitions"). The **Fire Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted as soon as the problem is corrected.

The **Auxiliary Power Supply Trouble Alarm** Reporting Code will be transmitted if the AUX output is shorted out. The AUX output of the control incorporates a fuseless design. When excessive current is drawn, the panel will automatically shut off the output. The panel will constantly check the AUX output; when the excessive current draw is removed, the panel will reset the output and transmit an **Auxiliary Power Supply Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code.

A **TLM Trouble** Reporting Code can only be transmitted if a LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator is being used (see Section 5.24 "LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator"). The panel will only transmit the signal after the time programmed for the TLM Trouble Delay. The **TLM Restoral** Reporting Code will be transmitted within 10 seconds of the problem being corrected.

A **General System Supervisory Trouble** Reporting Code will be transmitted if any module goes missing from the KEYBUS. The panel will send a **General System Supervisory Restoral** Reporting Code when the problem is corrected.

-
- Maintenance Alarm Reporting Codes Section [43]
- Maintenance Restoral Reporting Codes Section [44]
- AC Failure Communication Delay Section [62]
-

5.7.8 Test Transmissions

The panel can be programmed to transmit a **Periodic Test Transmission** Reporting Code (see Section 5.13 – "Test Transmissions"), a **System Test** Reporting Code (see Section 3.4 – "[*] [6] User Functions") or a **LINKS1000 Test Transmission** Reporting Code (see Section 5.24 – "LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator").

-
- Test Transmission Reporting Codes Section [46]
-

5.7.9 Miscellaneous

If the panel fails to transmit information to the central station, it will display a Failure To Communicate (FTC) trouble condition. The panel will transmit a **Phone Number 1 Failure to Communicate** Reporting Code or a **Phone Number 2 Failure to Communicate** Reporting Code the next time it calls the central station. The panel will transmit the old events, followed by the FTC message, followed by the new events. This will allow central station to determine which events are old or new.

If the Event Buffer is uploaded or printed on-site on a regular basis, an **Event Buffer 75% Full** Reporting Code can be transmitted to warn that the buffer is almost full. This code is good for use with the PC5400 Printer Module.

The **General Zone Fault Alarm** Reporting Code is sent and sound the keypad buzzer (disarmed) or bell (armed)

whenever a DEOL hardwired zone is shorted out. The faulted zone will also be displayed in the Trouble section. The **General Zone Fault Restoral** Reporting Code will be sent when the problem zone is repaired.

The **Delinquency** Reporting Code is sent whenever the panel is not armed within the number of days programmed for the **Delinquency Transmission Delay**.

.....
 Miscellaneous Maintenance Reporting Codes..... Section [45]
 Delinquency Transmission Delay Section [62]

! ***If the Delinquency Tx Delay is set for 1 day, there must be 24 hours of no arming or disarming before the Delinquency Code will be sent.***
After a Delinquency Code has been transmitted, it will not send again until the system has been armed and disarmed.

5.8 Communicator – Reporting Formats

Each central station communication phone number can be programmed to report using any one of the 4 formats available. A 20 BPS pulse format is supported in addition to Contact ID, SIA and a Pager format.

.....
 Communicator Format Options Section [50]
 Communicator Call Directions Section [51] to [55]

The following is a description of each reporting format:

5.8.1 Pulse Formats

Depending on which pulse format is selected, the panel will communicate using the following specifications:

- 3/1, 3/2, 4/1 or 4/2 • 1400 or 2300 Hz handshake
- 20 bits per second • non-extended

A **1600Hz Handshake** can be programmed instead of the standard 1400 or 2300Hz Handshakes.

.....
 1600Hz Handshake Section [82], Option [4]

Additional Notes on Pulse Formats

1. The digit '0' will send no pulses and is used as a filler.
2. When programming account numbers, enter four digits. When programming a three digit account number, the fourth digit must be programmed as '0'.
 - 3 digit account number [123] - program [1230]
3. If an account number has a '0' in it, substitute a HEX digit 'A' for the '0'. For example:
 - 3 digit account number [502] - program [5A20]
 - 4 digit account number [4079] - program [4A79]
4. Reporting codes are two digits. When programming single-digit Reporting Codes, the second digit must be programmed as a '0'. If a '0' is to be transmitted, substitute HEX digit 'A'. For example:
 - 1 digit Reporting Code [3] - program [30]
 - 2 digit Reporting Code [30] - program [3A]
5. To prevent the panel from reporting an event, the Reporting Code should be programmed as [00] or [FF].

5.8.2 Contact ID

Contact ID is a specialized format that will communicate information using tones rather than pulses. This format

allows more information to be sent faster than other formats. For example, in addition to reporting an alarm in zone 1, the Contact ID format will also report the type of alarm, such as an Entry/Exit alarm.

To program Contact ID, a two digit number from Appendix A must be entered in order for every event to be transmitted. The two digit number determines the type of alarm. The panel will automatically generate all other information, including the zone number.

Additional Notes on Contact ID

1. Account numbers must be four digits.
 2. All Reporting Codes must be two digits.
 3. Substitute the HEX digit 'A' for the '0'.
 4. To prevent the panel from reporting an event, the Reporting Code should be programmed as [00] or [FF].
- Please refer to Appendix A for a list of Contact ID Identifiers.

5.8.3 SIA (6 digit account)

SIA is a specialized format that will communicate information quickly using Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) rather than pulses. The SIA format will automatically generate the type of signal being transmitted, such as Burglary, Fire, Panic etc. The two digit Reporting Code is used to identify the zone or user code number.

! ***If the SIA format is selected, the panel can be programmed to automatically generate all zone and user code numbers, thus eliminating the need to program these items.***

If the **SIA Sends Automatic Reporting Codes** option is enabled, the panel will operate as follows:

1. If an event's Reporting Code is programmed as [00], the panel will not attempt to call the central station.
2. If the Reporting Code for an event is programmed as anything from [01] to [FF], the panel will *automatically* generate the zone or user code number.

The Communicator Call Direction options can be used to disable the reporting of events such as Openings and Closings. If all of the Opening and Closing Reporting Codes are programmed as [00], the panel will not report.

If the **SIA Sends Automatic Reporting Codes** option is disabled, the panel will operate as follows:

1. If an event's Reporting Code is programmed as [00] or [FF], the panel will not attempt to call central station.
2. If the Reporting Code for an event is programmed as anything from [01] to [FE], the panel will send the programmed Reporting Code.

Please refer to Appendix B for a list of SIA identifiers.

.....
SIA Sends Automatic Reporting Codes . Section [61], Option [6]

5.8.4 Pager Format (6 digit account)

The **Communicator Format** option for either phone number can be programmed as the Pager Format. If an event occurs and the **Communicator Call Direction** options direct the call to a phone number with the Pager Format selected, the panel will attempt to page.

When calling a pager, extra digits will be required in order for the format to function properly. The following is a list of

Hex digits and the functions they perform:

- Hex [B] - simulates the [*] key on a touch tone phone
- Hex [E] - two second pause
- Hex [C] - simulates the [#] key on a touch tone phone
- Hex [F] - marks the end of the phone number
- Hex [D] - forces the panel to search for dial tone

The panel will attempt to call the pager once. Once the appropriate phone number is dialed, the panel will send the account number and Reporting Code followed by the [#] key (Hex [C]).

The panel has no way of confirming if the pager was called successfully; a Failure To Communicate trouble will thus never be generated.

5.8.5 Robofon

The PC1580 control panel is capable of using the ROBOFON communication format to transmit alarm messages to a receiver.

After the initial handshake, the PC1580 will wait 15 seconds for any subsequent handshake during the same phone call.

5.8.6 Residential Dial

This feature works as follows:

1. If a communicable event occurs, the panel picks up the line and dials.
2. Once the dialling is completed, the panel will emit its Residential Dial ID tone every 2 seconds.
3. The panel then waits for handshake (DTMF digit from any phone). It will wait for 40 seconds for handshake for the "post dial wait for handshake".
4. Once the panel receives the handshake, it will emit an alarm tone over the phone line for 20 seconds.

! *Only 7,8,9,0, * and # will be accepted as a valid handshake for Residential Dial.*

! *The Pager Format cannot be used with the LINKS1000 cellular communicator.*

! *It is recommended not to use the digit C in a reporting code when using Pager Format. In most cases, the digit C will be interpreted as a [#], which will terminate the page before it has finished.*

! *Pager Format will not force dial, but will check for busy tone regardless of the busy tone detect option.*

5.9 Downloading

Downloading allows you to program the entire control panel via a computer, a modem and a telephone line. All functions and features and their changes and status – such as trouble conditions and open zones – can be viewed or programmed through downloading.

! *When power is applied to the panel, downloading will be enabled for six hours. This will allow you to perform downloading without having to do any keypad programming.*

If the **Downloading Answer** option is enabled, or during the first six hours after power up, the panel will answer calls for downloading when the programmed **Number of Rings** is heard by the panel.

If the **Answering Machine Override** option is enabled (or during the first six hours after power up), the panel will answer incoming calls for downloading in the following manner:

- The panel hears one or two rings then misses a ring. At this point the panel will start a timer.
- If the panel hears another ring before the **Answering Machine Double-Call Timer** expires, it will answer on the first ring of the second call.

The panel will immediately go on line and begin downloading. If the **Call-Back** option is enabled, the panel and the computer will both hang up. The panel will then call the **Downloading Computer's Telephone Number** and wait for the computer to answer. Once the computer answers, downloading will begin.

If the **User Enabled DLS Window for One Hour** option is ON, the user can activate the downloading feature for one hour by pressing [*] [6] [Master Code] [5]. After one hour, the panel will not answer incoming calls unless the **Downloading Answer** option is enabled.

The **Download Access Code** and **Panel Identifier Code** are for security and proper identification. Both the panel and the computer file should contain the same information programmed before attempting to download.

The time to complete a successful download can be significantly reduced with the use of the PC-LINK. This adaptor will allow on-site downloading of supported panels to occur. To **Initiate Local Downloading via the PC-LINK**, enter Installer's programming, then press [77] [Installer's Code] [77].

Downloading can also be performed through the LINKS1000 cellular communicator if the phone line is disconnected. If Call Back is being used, you may have to program the **LINKS1000 Preamble** to have the panel call the computer correctly.

! *When a zone status upload is performed through the PC-Link, the information uploaded may not be accurate. For more information refer to the Download Manual included with the computer software.*

.....

Downloading Answer.....	Section [71], Option [1]
Number of Rings	Section [70]
Answering Machine Override	Section [71], Option [6]
User Enable DLS Window for One Hour	Section [71], Option [2]
Call-Back	Section [71], Option [3]
Answering Machine Double Call Timer	Section [75]
Download Computer Telephone Number	Section [72]
Download Access Code	Section [73]
Panel Identification Code	Section [74]
Initiate Local Downloading (PC-LINK)	Section [77]
LINKS1000 Preamble (Downloading)	Section [79]

.....

! *Periodic downloading must not be used if test transmission interval in minutes is enabled.*

5.10 PGM Output Options

There are two Programmable Outputs – PGM1 and PGM2 on the main board – which can be programmed by selecting one of the output options listed below:

.....
 Main Board PGM Outputs Section [06]

[01] Ground Start Pulse

The PGM Output will activate for two seconds to obtain a dial tone on Ground Start telephone equipment before the panel attempts to dial. Two 2-second pauses should be inserted at the beginning of the phone number when using this option.

[02] Utility Output with any Access Code

The PGM output will activate for 5 seconds when the [*] [7] [1] [Access Code] command is entered (see Section 3.0 – “Keypad Commands”).

[03] Sensor Reset

! *The output will normally be active and switched to ground.*

This option is used to reset power for latching smoke detectors. The output will deactivate for five seconds when the [*] [7] [2] command is entered (see Section 3.4 – “[*] [7] Output Functions”). The keypad buzzer will not sound for the five second period.

Please refer to the Hook-Up diagram in this manual for wiring instructions.

[04] Courtesy Pulse

Upon arming, the PGM output will activate for the duration of the exit delay plus an additional two minutes. Upon entry, the PGM output will activate for the duration of the entry delay plus an additional two minutes.

[05] Keypad Buzzer Follower Mode

The PGM will activate when any of the following events occur and will remain active for as long as the keypad buzzer is active:

- Door Chime
- Auto-Arm Prealert
- 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer Zone
- Entry Delay
- Audible Exit Delay

[06] System Armed Status

When the system is armed, the PGM output will switch to ground at the beginning of the exit delay. The output goes high (open) when the panel is disarmed.

[07] Latched System Event (Strobe Output)

The PGM output will switch to ground when any of the system events (alarms) occur on the system. In the armed state, the output will deactivate only when the system is disarmed. If an alarm activates this output in the disarmed state, the output will deactivate if the bell is silenced during a bell time-out, or if the system is armed after the bell time-out. This PGM output can be used to indicate that an alarm has occurred before entering the premises.

This output will activate for all audible alarms of the following types:

- Burglary Delay, Instant, Interior, Stay/Away and 24 Hour Burglary Zones
- Fire Fire Keys, Fire Zone and Two-Wire Smoke Zone (PGM Output)
- Panic Panic Keys and Panic

- Medical Auxiliary Keys, Medical and Emergency Zones
- Supervisory .. Supervisory, Freezer and Water Zones
- Priority Gas, Heat, Sprinkler and 24 Hour Latching Zones

! *This output will activate for alarm conditions only. Pre-alerts or delays will not activate the output. This output should only be activated for all audible alarms or medical conditions*

[08] Failure to Communicate or Telephone Line Monitoring Trouble

The PGM output switches to ground when either of the two telephone line troubles are detected on the system (see Section 3.4 – “[*] Commands; [*] [2] Trouble Conditions”). The output will de-activate when neither trouble is present.

[09] Entry Delay Follower

The PGM output switches to ground for the duration of the Entry Delay.

[10] Exit Delay Follower

The PGM output switches to ground for the duration of the Exit Delay.

! *If this feature is used in conjunction with courtesy pulse, it will terminate at the end of the courtesy pulse time, not at the end of the exit delay.*

[11] TLM and Alarm

The PGM output switches to ground when the system experiences both a telephone line trouble and an alarm. When the system is armed, the output will deactivate only if an access code is entered. If the output is activated by an alarm in the disarmed state, it will only deactivate if the bell is silenced during bell time-out or if the system is armed after the bell time-out.

! *This output will activate for all silent and audible alarms except the Duress alarm.*

[12] Police Code Follower

The PGM output switches to ground if two different non 24-hour zones go into alarm during the same armed period. The Police Code will be sent to the central station and this output will activate. This output is latched.

[13] 20 Minute Latched Alarm

The PGM output will switch to ground upon an alarm and will latch for 20 minutes or until disarmed. If activated while disarmed, this output will be de-activated after 20 minutes or if a code is entered during bell time out or if the panel is armed.

[14] Line Seizure

The output will switch to ground while the panel has seized the telephone line for downloading purposes or to communicate to the central station.

[15] Ready To Arm

The PGM switches to ground as long as the system is ready to arm and all non-force armable zones on the system are restored. Once an access code is entered to arm the system and the exit delay begins, the PGM output is de-activated.

[16] LINKS1000 Support (PGM1 Only)

The PGM output will be used as a data wire to communicate phone number information for the LINKS1000 cellular unit.

[17] Downlook Support

This option configures the PGM terminals for operation with the DLM-1 or DLM-4 Video Capture module. *NOTE:* Option 17 must be used on both PGM1 and PGM2 for Downlook Support. PGM1 connects to the DLM DTA and the PGM2 connects to the DLM CLK.

[18] Hold Up Output

The PGM output will switch to ground when any hold up zone (type [14]) is in the alarm condition. A zone tamper or fault condition does not activate it. It will deactivate when the panel is armed or disarmed.

[19] Tamper and Fault Output

The PGM output will switch to ground if any tamper or fault condition occurs on any zone. It will deactivate when the zone is restored.

[20] Norway Battery Test Feature (PGM1 only)

The panel performs a 10-second battery check once a day at 1200 (noon). The Battery Test output will activate during this time. You may use this output type to switch a 20 ohm load to test the battery for the 10 second battery check period. Connect the resistor between the Bell+ and PGM1 terminals.

! *Do not attempt to program PGM1 as any of the remaining five input type options.*

[26] Momentary Key Switch Arm (PGM2 only)

A keyswitch module may be connected to the zone programmed as Momentary Key Switch Arm. Momentary activation of this zone will alternately arm and disarm the system and silence alarms. Note that the keypad will not display an indication when this type of zone is activated. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

[27] Maintained Key Switch Arm (PGM2 only)

A Normally Open Key Switch module may be connected to the zone programmed as Maintained Key Switch Arm. In the restored state, the panel is disarmed. Any violation of the zone will cause the system to arm (alarm, tamper or fault). To be used with the Block Schloss module. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

! *Change PGM2 to an output if it is not being used and power down/power up the panel.*

! *Both types of Key Switch zones will sound a keypad error tone if zones are open and if the user attempts to arm the system. The Maintained Key Switch will provide an error tone if an attempt is made to arm an already armed system, or to disarm an already disarmed system.*

[28] Silent 24 Hour (PGM2 only)

A Panic button may be placed on the PGM2 terminal for use as a silent 24 hour Panic. The keypad will not indicate the alarm in any way and the Bell will remain silent but the Panic signal will be sent to the central station. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

[29] Audible 24 Hour (PGM2 only)

A Panic button may be placed on the PGM2 Terminal for use as an Audible 24 Hour Panic. The keypad will not indicate the alarm in any way but the bell will sound for the duration

of the bell time out and the Panic signal will be sent to the central station. This input follows Swinger Shutdown.

[30] Forced (LINKS) Answer (PGM2 only)

This output provides the ability to have the panel answer the phone line and look for a downloading computer without having to see the programmed number of rings or a valid double call. This output is also for use with a LINKS1000 for downloading purposes. This zone is similar to a fire zone in that the supervision options (NC,EOL,DEOL) do not effect zone functioning.

The restored state of this zone type is 2200Ω; the open state causes the panel to answer. A 2200 ohm resistor must be placed across the LINKSRING and zone terminals. Normally, the RING terminal would be ground, therefore presenting the 2200 ohms to the zone input. If the RING terminal opens, the panel will seize the telephone line. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

5.11 Telephone Line Monitor (TLM)

The panel will supervise the presence of the phone line and will indicate a trouble condition if the phone line is disconnected. If the **TLM Enabled** option is selected, the panel will wait for the **TLM Trouble Delay** time period before indicating the trouble so that a momentary interruption of the phone line will not cause a trouble condition.

If the **TLM Trouble Only** option is enabled, the panel will indicate a TLM trouble only at the keypad if the system is armed. To activate the bell output in the case of a TLM trouble while the system is armed, the **Audible When Armed** option must be selected.

When the trouble condition is restored, the panel can send a **TLM Restoral** Reporting Code. Any events which occur while the phone line is down will also be communicated. If the LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator is being used, the panel can be programmed to report a **TLM Trouble Reporting Code**.

.....

- TLM Enable/Disable Section [08], Option [5]
- TLM Trouble Only or Audible When Armed Section [08], Option [6]
- TLM Trouble and Restoral Reporting Codes Section [43] and [44]
- TLM Trouble Delay Section [62], Option [1]

.....

5.12 Siren Supervision

The panel supervises the Bell output. If an open condition is detected or if the fuse is blown, the panel will immediately indicate a trouble condition by beeping the keypad twice every 10 seconds to alert the owner of the problem. The panel can send a **Bell Circuit Trouble** Reporting Code immediately. Once the problem is corrected, the panel can send a **Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral** Reporting Code.

.....

- Bell Circuit Trouble Reporting Code Section [43]
- Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral Reporting Code Section [44]

.....

5.13 Test Transmission

To ensure that the communication link with the central station is functioning properly, the panel can be programmed to send a test transmission signal on a regular basis.

The panel can send a **Periodic Test Transmission Reporting Code** at the programmed **Test Transmission Time of Day**. The **Test Transmission Cycle** determines the number of days (001 to 255) between tests. If the test transmission cycle being programmed is of a lesser value than the previous value, the system will wait the original period before the next test transmission is sent, and then begin reporting with the new interval.

The panel can also send a test for the LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator, if being used. If the **LINKS1000 Test Transmission Code** is programmed, the panel will send a cellular test at the same time as the land line test transmission.

If the **Test Transmission Interval in Minutes** option is selected, the test transmission cycle will be recorded in intervals of minutes (001 to 255), rather than days.

The end user can generate a communicator test. If the **System Test Reporting Code** is programmed, the panel will send the signal when the System Test keypad command is entered (see Section 3.4 – “[*] Commands; [*] [6] User Functions”).

.....


Periodic Test Transmission Reporting Code Section [46]
 Test Transmission Time of Day Section [63]
 Test Transmission Cycle Section [62]
 LINKS1000 Test Transmission Reporting Code ... Section [46]
 System Test Reporting Code Section [46]
 Test Transmission Interval in Minutes . Section [82], Option [3]


.....


! *Test transmission interval in minutes must not be enabled if Periodic Downloading is to be used.*

5.14 Fire, Auxiliary and Panic Keys – [F], [A], [P]

The emergency keys are available on all keypads. These keys must be pressed and held for two seconds before they will activate. This two second delay is designed to help prevent accidental activation.

 If the **[F] Key** option is enabled, when the Fire keys are pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will activate the alarm output, pulsing one second ON, one second OFF. The alarm output will sound until a code is entered or until the alarm output times out. Communication of the signal to central station is immediate.

 If the **[A] Key** is pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will sound the keypad beeper three times to verify activation. The panel will beep the keypad ten times rapidly to verify communication to the central station.

 If the **[P] Key** is pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will immediately communicate the signal to central station. If **[P] Key Audible Bell and Buzzer** option is enabled, the panel will beep the keypad three times upon activation and activate the alarm output until a code is entered or the alarm output times out. Otherwise the alarm will be completely silent.

! *The Fire, Auxiliary, Panic keys will operate even if Keypad Blanking is active (See Section 5.21 “Keypad Blanking”).*

.....

[F] Key Enable Section [08], Option [3]
 [P] Key Audible Bell and Buzzer Section [08], Option [4]

.....

5.15 Arming/Disarming Options

If the **Quick Arm** option is enabled, the panel can be armed without a user code by entering **[*] [0]** or by pressing the Stay or Away key on the LCD5500 or PC5506 keypads.

The **Quick Exit** option, if enabled, will allow someone to leave an armed premises through a Delay type zone without having to disarm and rearm the system.

If the **Arm/Disarm Bell Squawk** option is enabled, the panel will squawk the alarm output once upon arming and twice upon disarming. The **Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback** option will give you the ability to beep the keypad 10 times rapidly if the panel is disarmed after an alarm occurred. The **Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback** option will give you the ability to ringback the bell output 10 times rapidly if the panel is disarmed after an alarm occurred.

Closing Confirmation, if enabled, will cause the keypad to beep 10 times rapidly after the closing Reporting Code has been transmitted to central station.

If the **Bypass Status Displayed While Armed** is chosen, the Bypass light will be ON while the system is armed to indicate any bypassed zones.

If the **AC/DC Inhibit Arming** option is enabled, the panel will not arm if there is an AC or DC trouble present on the system. Arming will not be allowed until the AC or battery trouble is cleared. If this option is disabled, the user will not be prevented from arming the system in the case of an AC or DC trouble.

.....

Quick Arm Enable Section [10], Option [6]
 Quick Exit Enable Section [09], Option [4]
 Arm/Disarm Bell Squawk Section [10], Option [1]
 Closing Confirmation Section [61], Option [1]
 Opening After Alarm Keypad RingbackSection [61], Option [2]
 Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback Section [61], Option [3]
 Bypass Status Displayed While ArmedSection [09], Option [5]
 AC/DC Inhibit Arming Section [81], Option [2]

.....

! *With Arm/Disarm Bell Squawk enabled, when a [*][9] arming is performed, no squawk will sound.*

5.16 Entry/Exit Delay Options

Upon arming, the panel will begin the exit delay. If the **Audible Exit Delay With Urgency** option is enabled, the keypad will beep at one second intervals until the exit delay expires. The keypad will beep rapidly for the last 10 seconds of exit delay to warn the user that the system is about to arm.

For commercial applications, the **Bell Squawk on Exit Delay** option may be enabled. The panel will squawk the alarm output once every second when the exit delay is initiated and three times per second for the last 10 seconds until the exit delay expires.

Upon entry, if a Delay type zone is violated, the panel will begin the entry delay. The keypad will emit a steady tone.

The keypad will pulse the keypad sounder during the last 10 seconds to warn the user the system is about to go into alarm. If there was an alarm during the armed period, the keypad will pulse for the entire entry delay to warn the user of the previous alarm.

For commercial applications **Bell Squawk on Entry Delay** may be enabled. The panel will squawk the alarm output once every second until the entry delay expires or the system is disarmed.

! *Since two Delay zones – and therefore two different Entry Delays – are programmable, when the panel is armed, the Entry Delay will begin when the first delay zone violated.*

If the **Bell Squawk During Auto Arm** option is enabled, the bell will squawk when the system is auto-armed in order to notify anyone on the premises that the system is being armed.

If the **Exit Delay Termination** option is enabled, the panel will monitor the Delay zones during exit delay. During the exit delay, if a Delay type zone is violated and then secured, the exit delay will be terminated and the panel will be armed immediately.

.....
Entry Delay 1 and 2 (System Times) Section [02]
Exit Delay (System Times) Section [02]
Bell Squawk Options Section [10]
Audible Exit Delay With Urgency Section [10], Option [5]
Exit Delay Termination Section [11], Option [4]
.....

5.17 Transmission Delay

! *If Transmission Delay is being used, the Opening After Alarm code must be programmed. See section 5.7 “Communicator Reporting Codes”.*

New customers often cause false alarms while becoming familiar with the system. The Transmission Delay is designed to delay the communication of a zone alarm for a programmed period of time. If the system is disarmed before the transmission delay time expires, the panel will not report the alarm to the central station. The Opening After Alarm code, however, will still be communicated to the central station. By default, the Transmission Delay is not programmed.

.....
Transmission Delay Section [62]
.....

5.18 Swinger Shutdown

The Swinger Shutdown feature is designed to prevent a runaway communicator from tying up the central station. After the panel has communicated the programmed number of transmissions for an event, it will no longer report that event until the Swinger Shutdown is reset.

By default, the **Swinger Shutdown** limit is set to [003]. The panel will not send more than three alarm signals for each zone until the Swinger Shutdown is reset.

Swinger Shutdown will be reset every day at midnight or when the panel is armed. Once reset, the panel will again communicate normally.

.....
Swinger Shutdown Section [62]
.....

5.19 Event Buffer

The panel will store the last 100 events which occurred on the system. The Event Buffer will contain the name, time and date of each event, along with the zone number, user code number or any other information pertaining to the event.

If the **Event Buffer Follows Swinger Shutdown** option is enabled, the Event Buffer will not store events after the Swinger Shutdown level has been reached. This will prevent the panel from overwriting the entire buffer if a problem exists.

The Event Buffer can be viewed in three different ways: from an LCD keypad (see Section 3.4 – [*] [6] “User Functions”), printed on-site using the PC5400 printer module (see Section 5.29 – “On-Site Printer”) or it can be uploaded using DLS software.

.....
Event Buffer Follows
Swinger Shutdown Section [11], Option [2]
.....

5.20 Keypad Lockout

The panel can be programmed to “lock out” keypads if a series of incorrect user codes are entered. Once the **Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout** limit has been reached, the panel will lock out the keypad for the **Lockout Duration** and log the event to the Event Buffer. For the duration of the Lockout, the panel will sound an error tone when any key is pressed.

! *Keypad Lockout will reset every hour.*

To disable the keypad lockout option, program the **Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout** as [00].

.....
Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout Section [07]
Lockout Duration Section [07]
.....

5.21 Keypad Blanking

If the **Keypad Blanking** option is enabled, the panel will turn off all lights on the keypads when no keys are pressed for 30 seconds. The keys, however, will remain backlit.

The panel will turn the lights back on when any key is pressed or when the entry delay begins or if an audible alarm occurs. The lights will also come on when a valid code is entered. If the **Code Required to Restore Blanking** is enabled.

.....
Keypad Blanking Option Section [11], Option [5]
Code Required to Restore Blanking ... Section [11], Option [1]
.....

5.22 Loop Response

The normal loop response time for all zones is 500 milliseconds. The panel will not consider a zone violated unless it is violated for at least 500 milliseconds.

If **Fast Loop Response on Zone 1** is enabled, the loop response for zone 1 will be 40 milliseconds. Typically this can be used for vibration type sensors.

.....
Fast Loop Response on Zone 1 Section [81], Option [6]
.....

5.23 Keypad Tamperers

If the **Keypad Tamperers Enable** option is selected, the panel will display and transmit a **General System Tamper Reporting Code** if any keypad is removed from the wall. When the keypad tamper is restored, the panel will transmit the **General System Tamper Restoral Reporting Code**. All keypads should be properly installed and secured before enabling this option.

If the **Latching System Tamper** option is enabled, any system tamperers must be reset by entering [*][8][Installer's Code] before the system can be armed. Auto-Arming and Keyswitch arming will also be prevented in the presence of any system tamper.

! *Manually bypassing the tampered or faulted zone(s) (DEOL) will not be allowed if this option is enabled.*

.....

Keypad Tamper Enable	Section [11], Option [6]
General System Tamper Reporting Code	Section [38]
General System Tamper Restoral Reporting Code	Section [39]
Latching System Tamper	Section [81], Option [3]

! *After enabling Keypad Tamperers, it is recommended to tamper and restore all keypads to ensure proper functionality.*

If Keypad Tamperers are disabled and Keypad Tamperers had previously been indicated, the panel must be powered down to clear the trouble.

5.24 LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator

The LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator can be used three different ways: as the sole communicator for the panel, as a back up for either or both phone numbers or as a redundant back up to the land line communicator, where the panel will call both the land line and via the LINKS. A **LINKS Preamble** is programmable for each phone number in the event that the land line number is local but the LINKS is required to dial an exchange. When programming a LINKS Preamble, all unused digits must be programmed with a hexadecimal "F".

5.24.1 Using LINKS1000 as the Sole Communicator

The panel can be programmed to report an event only using the LINKS1000 cellular communicator. To program this option, select only the LINKS1000 in the **Communicator Call Direction** Options. The **Call LINKS** as well as **Land Line** option must also be enabled.

When the selected event occurs the panel will only attempt to call central station using the LINKS.

5.24.2 Using the LINKS1000 as a Backup Communicator

The panel can be programmed to call using the LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator if the panel is having difficulty communicating an event using the land line. To program this option, select both the phone number and LINKS options in the **Communicator Call Direction** Options. The **LINKS is Backup of Land Lines** option must be selected.

When used as a backup communicator, the panel will attempt to call the central station in the following manner:

- the panel will try to call using land lines – if unsuccessful, the panel will try to call using the LINKS
- if unsuccessful, the panel will try to call using the land lines
- if unsuccessful, the panel will try to call using the LINKS

This process will continue until the panel has successfully communicated with the central station or the **Maximum Dialing Attempts** has been reached.

5.24.3 Using the LINKS as a Redundant Communicator

The panel can be programmed to call using first the land line and then the LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator when an event occurs. To program this option, select both the phone number and the LINKS options for the **Communicator Call Direction** Options for the event. The **Call LINKS** as well as **Land Line** options must be selected.

.....

LINKS Preamble (First Telephone Number)	Section [67]
LINKS Preamble (Second Telephone Number)	Section [68]
LINKS Preamble (Third Telephone Number)	Section [69]
LINKS Preamble (Downloading Telephone Number)	Section [79]
Communicator Call Direction Options	Section [51] to [55]
Call LINKS as well as Land Line	Section [61], Option [5]
Maximum Dialing Attempts	Section [83]

5.25 On-Site Printer

With the addition of the PC5400 printer module, the panel will print all events as they occur to a local, on-site serial printer. All events will include the time and date when they occurred.

If a problem develops with the printer – such as power loss or a paper shortage – the panel will store events in the Event Buffer and print the events once the problem is corrected. The panel can store up to 100 events if such a condition occurs.

.....

PC5400 Programming	Section [87]
--------------------------	--------------

5.26 Downlook Video Transmission Module

The **Number of Pictures** the DLM Module will take is programmable from one to eight.

The **Delay Before Capture Timer** allows the programmer to delay the camera in taking a picture once a zone is tripped in order to make sure that the intruder steps into the camera's field of view. This timer is programmed in increments of 100 milliseconds from 00 to 99.

For more information regarding the operation of the DLM-1 and DLM-4 Modules, please refer to their respective installation manuals.

.....

DLM-1/DLM-4 Support Timers (Downlook Modules)	Section [88]
---	--------------

! *Downlook will only transmit to phone number 1. Downlook and Tx Delay must not be enabled at the same time.*

! *A valid zone alarm reporting code must be programmed for zones that have Downlook enabled.*

5.27 Resetting Factory Defaults

On occasion, it may be necessary to default the control panel or one of the connected modules: the ESCORT5580 module and the PC5400 Printer module.

To default the control panel (hardware) perform the following:

1. Remove AC and battery from the panel.
2. Remove all wires from the Zone 1 and PGM1 terminals.
3. With a piece of wire short the Zone 1 terminal to the PGM1 terminal.
4. Apply AC power to the main panel.
5. When Zone Light 1 is lit on the keypad the default is complete.
6. Remove AC power from the control
7. Reconnect all original wiring and power up the control.

! *AC power must be used to power the panel. The panel will not default if the battery is used.*

To default the control panel software and other modules, perform the following:

1. Enter the Installer's Programming mode.
 2. Enter the appropriate programming section [XY].
 3. Enter the Installer's Code.
 4. Re-enter the appropriate programming section [XY].
- The panel will take a few seconds to perform the default. When the keypad is again operational the default is complete.

.....

Restore ESCORT to
Factory Default Programming Section [95]

Restore PC5400 to
Factory Default Programming Section [97]

Restore Panel to Factory Default Programming ... Section [99]

.....

5.28 Installer's Lockout

If **Installer's Lockout** is selected, a hardware default cannot be performed. If a software default is performed, all programming will restore to factory default.

If **Installer's Lockout Disable** is selected, the panel will restore all programming to factory defaults when a hardware or software default is performed on the control panel.

To enable or disable installer's lockout, perform the following:

1. Enter the Installer's Programming mode.
2. Enter the appropriate programming section [XY].
3. Enter the Installer's Code.
4. Re-enter the appropriate programming section [XY].

.....

Installer Lockout Enable Section [90]

Installer Lockout Disable Section [91]

.....

5.29 Automatic Clock Adjust

In order to compensate for timing inaccuracies, the panel may be programmed to add or subtract seconds during the last minute of each day. Valid entries are 01 - 99. The default setting is 60 seconds. To determine the value to be programmed in this section, monitor the amount of time lost or gained by the panel over a period of time. Then, calculate the average amount of time per day that the panel gains or loses. If the clock's timing is off, it may be corrected with this setting.

Example #1: The clock loses an average of 9 seconds per day.

Solution: Program the panel to adjust the clock by 51 seconds (instead of the default 60 seconds) for the last minute of each day in section [80]. This will speed up the panel's clock by 9 seconds, thus correcting the problem.

Example #2: The clock gains an average of 11 seconds per day.

Solution: Program the panel to adjust the clock by 71 seconds (instead of the default 60 seconds) for the last minute of each day in section [80]. This will slow down the panel's clock by 11 seconds, thus correcting the problem.

Programming Worksheets

F O R T H E R E C O R D

For the Record

Customer: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____ Installation Date: _____

Installer's Code: _____

Module Name	Description	Physical Location
PC1580	Main Panel	_____
PC5400	Serial Printer Module	_____
Escort 5580	Voice Prompt Module	_____
DLM-1/DLM-4	Downlook Module	_____

Keypads	Keypad Type	Physical Location
Keypad 1	_____	_____
Keypad 2	_____	_____
Keypad 3	_____	_____
Keypad 4	_____	_____
Keypad 5	_____	_____
Keypad 6	_____	_____
Keypad 7	_____	_____
Keypad 8	_____	_____

PC1580 Zone 1 to 6 Assignment

System Zone	Zone Label												Zone Type	Attributes					
														AUDIBLE	STEADY	CHIME	FORCE ARM	BYPASS	DOWN-LOOK
Zone 1																			
Zone 2																			
Zone 3																			
Zone 4																			
Zone 5																			
Zone 6																			

Keypad Programming

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

[00] Keypad Assignment (Section 2.5 "Keypad Assignment")

Note: This must be done at each keypad requiring programming.

[0] Slot (Valid entries are 11-18 for the Slot)

[1] - [5] Function Keys 1 to 5 Assignment (Valid entries are 00-18)

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 00 Null Key (Not Used) | 07 [*][6][—][4] System Test | 13 [*][7][1] Utility Output |
| 01 Not used | 08 [*][1] Bypass Mode | 14 [*][7][2] Sensor Reset |
| 02 Not used | 09 [*][2] Trouble Display | 15 Not Used |
| 03 Stay Arm | 10 [*][3] Alarm Memory | 16 [*][0] Quick Exit |
| 04 Away Arm | 11 [*][5] User Programming | 17 [*][1] Reactivate Stay/Away's |
| 05 [*][9] No-Entry Arm | 12 [*][6] User Functions | 18 Not Used |
| 06 [*][4] Chime On / Off | | |

	Slot (Address)	Function Key 1	Function Key 2	Function Key 3	Function Key 4	Function Key 5
1575RK defaults	11	—	—	—	—	—
PC5506 defaults	11	00	00	00	00	00
LCD5500 defaults	18	00	00	00	00	00
KEYPAD 1	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 2	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 3	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 7	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
KEYPAD 8	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Basic System Programming

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

Zone Definitions

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 00 Null Zone (Not Used) | 08 Standard 24 Hour Fire | 16 24 Hour Panic |
| 01 Delay 1 | 09 24 Hour Supervisory (LINKS) | 17 24 Hour Emergency |
| 02 Delay 2 | 10 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer | 18 24 Hour Sprinkler |
| 03 Instant | 11 24 Hour Burglary | 19 24 Hour Water |
| 04 Interior | 12 24 Hour Heat | 20 24 Hour Freeze |
| 05 Interior, Stay/Away | 13 24 Hour Gas | 21 24 Hour Latching Tamper |
| 06 Delay, Stay/Away | 14 24 Hour Hold-up | 22 24 Hour Bell/Buzzer |
| 07 Delayed 24 Hour Fire | 15 24 Hour Medical | |

[01] Zone 1-6 Definitions (Section 5.2 "Zone Definitions")

Default	Default
01 _____ Zone 1	03 _____ Zone 4
04 _____ Zone 2	03 _____ Zone 5
03 _____ Zone 3	03 _____ Zone 6

[02] System Times

Default [000-255]	
030 _____	Entry Delay 1
045 _____	Entry Delay 2
120 _____	Exit Delay
004 _____	Bell Cutoff

[03] Installer's Code (Section 4 "How to Program")

Default _____ Default
 1580 _____ or 158000 _____

[04] Master Code (Section 5.1 "Programming Security Codes")

Default _____ Default
 1234 _____ or 123400 _____

[05] Guard Code (Section 5.1 "Programming Security Codes")

Default _____ Default
 AAAA _____ or AAAA00 _____

[06] Programmable Terminals PGM 1 & 2 (Section 5.10 "PGM Output Options")

Default _____ Default
 06 _____ PGM1 18 _____ PGM2

Programmable Output Options

- | | |
|--|--|
| 01 Ground Start Pulse | 14 Line Seizure |
| 02 Utility Output with Any Access Code
([*] [7] [1] + [Access Code]) | 15 Ready to Arm Status |
| 03 Sensor Reset ([*] [7] [2]) | 16 LINKS Support (PGM 1 Only) |
| 04 Courtesy Pulse | 17 Downlook Support (PGM1 and PGM2 must be
programmed with 17) |
| 05 Keypad Buzzer Follower Mode | 18 Hold Up Output |
| 06 System Armed Status | 19 Tamper and Fault Output |
| 07 Strobe Output | 20 Norway Battery Test |
| 08 Fail to Communicate / TLM Trouble Output | 25 For Future Use |
| 09 Entry Delay Follower | 26 Momentary Key Switch Arm (PGM2 Only) |
| 10 Exit Delay Follower | 27 Maintained Key Switch Arm (PGM2 Only) |
| 11 TLM and Alarm | 28 Silent 24 Hour (PGM2 Only) |
| 12 Police Code Follower | 29 Audible 24 Hour (PGM2 Only) |
| 13 20 Minute Latched Alarm | 30 Forced (LINKS) Answer (PGM2 Only) |

[07] Keypad Lockout Options (Section 5.20 "Keypad Lockout")

Default _____
 00 _____ Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout
 00 _____ Lockout Duration (in minutes)

[08] First System Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
OFF	_____	1 Normally Closed Loops	End-of-Line Resistors	2.8
OFF	_____	2 Double End-of-Line Resistors	Single End-of-Line Resistors	2.8
OFF	_____	3 [F] Key Enabled	[F] Key Disabled	5.14
OFF	_____	4 [P] Key Audible Bell and Buzzer	[P] Key Silent Bell and Buzzer	5.14
ON	_____	5 TLM Enabled	TLM Disabled	5.11
OFF	_____	6 TLM Audible When Armed	TLM Trouble Only When Armed	5.11

[09] Second System Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
OFF	_____	1 Master Code Not Changeable	Master Code Changeable	5.1
ON	_____	2 Code Required For Bypassing	No Code Required	5.1
OFF	_____	3 6th Code is Duress Code	6th Code is Normal Code	5.1
OFF	_____	4 Quick Exit Enabled	Quick Exit Disabled	3.4
OFF	_____	5 Bypass Status Displayed While Armed	Bypass Status Not Displayed While Armed	3.4
ON	_____	6 AC Trouble Displayed	AC Trouble Not Displayed	3.4

[10] Third System Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Arm / Disarm Bell Squawk Enabled	Arm / Disarm Bell Squawk Disabled	5.15
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Bell Squawk During Auto Arm	No Bell Squawk During Auto Arm	5.16
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Bell Squawk On Exit Delay	No Bell Squawk On Exit Delay	5.16
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Bell Squawk On Entry Delay	No Bell Squawk On Entry Delay	5.16
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Audible Exit With Urgency	Silent Exit Delay	5.16
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Quick Arm Enabled	Quick Arm Disabled	3.4

[11] Fourth System Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Code Req'd for Restore Kpd Blanking	No Code Required	5.21
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Event Buffer Follow Swinger Shutdown	Event Buffer Never Shuts Down	5.19
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 For Future Use		
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Exit Delay Termination Enabled	Exit Delay Termination Disabled	5.16
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Keypad Blanking Enabled	Keypad Blanking Disabled	5.21
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Keypad Tamper Enabled	Keypad Tamper Disabled	5.23

Advanced System Programming

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

Zone Attribute Defaults

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Option 1 – Audible / Silent	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Option 2 – Steady / Pulsed	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Option 3 – Chime	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Option 4 – Force	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Option 5 – Bypass	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Option 6 – Downlook	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

Y = Option ON

N = Option OFF

Zone 1-6 Attributes (Section 5.3 “Zone Attributes”)

	ON	OPT. 1	OPT. 2	OPT. 3	OPT. 4	OPT. 5	OPT. 6
	OFF	Audible	Steady	Chime	Force	Bypass	Downlook
		Silent	Pulsed	No	No	No	No
[21] Zone 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
[22] Zone 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
[23] Zone 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
[24] Zone 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
[25] Zone 5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
[26] Zone 6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Communicator Programming

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

NOTE: For sections [31] to [46], the contents of every section by default is [F].

[31] First Telephone Number (32 Digits) (Section 5.6 "Communicator – Phone Numbers")

[32] Second Telephone Number (32 Digits) (Section 5.6 "Communicator – Phone Numbers")

[33] Third Telephone Number (32 Digits) (Section 5.6 "Communicator – Phone Numbers")

[34] First Account Code (6 digits) (Section 5.5 "Communicator – Account Numbers")

[35] Second Account Code (6 digits) (Section 5.5 "Communicator – Account Numbers")

[36] Alarm Reporting Codes, Zones 1-6 (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Zone 1	_____ Zone 4	_____ Police Code Alarm
_____ Zone 2	_____ Zone 5	
_____ Zone 3	_____ Zone 6	

[37] Alarm Restoral Reporting Codes, Zones 1-6 (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Zone 1	_____ Zone 4	_____ Opening After Alarm
_____ Zone 2	_____ Zone 5	
_____ Zone 3	_____ Zone 6	

[38] Tamper Reporting Codes, Zones 1-6 (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Zone 1	_____ Zone 4	_____ General System
_____ Zone 2	_____ Zone 5	_____ Tamper Alarm
_____ Zone 3	_____ Zone 6	

[39] Tamper Restoral Reporting Codes, Zones 1-6 (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Zone 1	_____ Zone 4	_____ General System
_____ Zone 2	_____ Zone 5	_____ Tamper Restoral
_____ Zone 3	_____ Zone 6	

[40] Priority Alarm and Restoral Reporting Codes (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Keypad [F]ire Alarm	_____ PGM2 Alarm	_____ Keypad [A]uxiliary Restoral
_____ Keypad [A]uxiliary Alarm	_____ Duress Code Alarm	_____ Keypad [P]anic Restoral
_____ Keypad [P]anic Alarm	_____ Keypad [F]ire Restoral	_____ PGM2 Restoral

[41] Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 1-6 (Section 5.7 "Communicator – Reporting Codes")

_____ Closing by Access Code 1 / Guard / Key switch / Auto Arm	
_____ Closing by Access Code 2	_____ Closing by Access Code 5
_____ Closing by Access Code 3	_____ Closing by Access Code 6
_____ Closing by Access Code 4	_____ Partial Closing Code

[42] Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 1-6

(Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)

- Opening by Access Code 1 / Guard / Key switch
- Opening by Access Code 2
- Opening by Access Code 3
- Opening by Access Code 4
- Opening by Access Code 5
- Opening by Access Code 6

[43] Miscellaneous Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes (Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)

- Battery Trouble Alarm
- AC Failure Trouble Alarm
- Bell Circuit Trouble Alarm
- Fire Trouble Alarm
- AUX Fuse Failure Alarm
- TLM Trouble Code (via LINKS)
- General System Supervisory

[44] Maintenance Restoral Reporting Codes (Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)

- Battery Trouble Restoral
- AC Failure Trouble Restoral
- Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral
- Fire Trouble Restoral
- AUX Fuse Trouble Restoral
- TLM Restoral
- General System Supervisory Restoral

[45] Miscellaneous Maintenance Reporting Codes (Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)

- Phone Number 1 Failure to Communicate
- Phone Number 2 Failure to Communicate
- Event Buffer is 75% Full Since Last Upload
- General Zone Fault Alarm
- General Zone Fault Restoral
- Delinquency Reporting Code

[46] Test Transmission Reporting Codes (Section 5.7 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)

- Periodic Test Transmission
- System Test
- LINKS1000 Test Transmission Code

[50] Communicator Format Options (Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Formats”)

- Default
- 06 1st Phone Number
- 06 2nd Phone Number
- 01** 20 BPS, 1400 HZ handshake
- 02** 20 BPS, 2300 HZ handshake
- 03** DTMF CONTACT I.D.
- 04** SIA FSK
- 05** Pager Format
- 06** Robofon
- 07** Residential Dial

[51] Zone Alarms & Restorals Communicator Call Directions (Section 5.4 “Communicator – Dialing”)

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Default | Option | ON | OFF |
| ON <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 1st Telephone Number | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | 2nd Telephone Number | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 | 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS) | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 | 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS) | Disabled |

[52] Zone Tamper Alarms & Tamper Restorals Communicator Call Directions

(Section 5.4 “Communicator – Dialing”)

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Default | Option | ON | OFF |
| ON <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 1st Telephone Number | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | 2nd Telephone Number | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 | 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS) | Disabled |
| OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 | 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS) | Disabled |

[53] Openings & Closings Communicator Call Directions (Section 5.4 "Communicator – Dialing")

Default	Option	ON	OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 1st Telephone Number	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 2nd Telephone Number	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS)	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS)	Disabled

[54] System Maintenance Alarms & Restorals Communicator Call Directions (Section 5.4 "Communicator – Dialing")

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 1st Telephone Number	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 2nd Telephone Number	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS)	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS)	Disabled

[55] System Test Transmissions Communicator Call Directions (Section 5.4 "Communicator – Dialing")

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 1st Telephone Number (Periodic Test TX and System Test Only)	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 2nd Telephone Number (Periodic Test TX and System Test Only)	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS) (LINKS1000 Test TX Code Only)	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS) (LINKS1000 Test TX Code Only)	Disabled

[60] First Communicator Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Communications Enabled	Communications Disabled	5.4
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 DTMF Dialing	Pulse Dialing	5.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Switch to Pulse Dialing on 5th Attempt	DTMF Dial For All 8 Attempts	5.4
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 3rd Phone Number Enabled	3rd Phone Number Disabled	5.6
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Alternate Dial (1st and 3rd)	Call 1st Number, Backup to 3rd (If programmed)	5.6
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Restorals on Bell Time-out	Restorals Follow Zones	5.7.2

[61] Second Communicator Option Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Closing Confirmation Enabled	Closing Confirmation Disabled	5.7.3
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback Enabled	Open After Alarm Keypad Ringback Disabled	5.7.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback Enabled	Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback Disabled	5.7.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Busy Tone Detection Enabled	Busy Tone Detection Disabled	5.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Call LINKS As Well As Land Line	LINKS is Backup of Land Line(s)	
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 SIA Sends Programmed Rep. Codes	SIA Sends Automatic Rep. Codes	5.8.3

[62] Communication Variables

Default	Section
003 <input type="checkbox"/>	Swinger Shutdown (Alarms and Rest) (001-014 Transmissions, 000=disabled) 5.18
000 <input type="checkbox"/>	Transmission Delay (001-255 seconds) 5.17
030 <input type="checkbox"/>	AC Failure Communication Delay (001-255 minutes) 5.7.7
003 <input type="checkbox"/>	TLM Trouble Delay (No. of valid checks required - 000-255 x 10s) 5.11
Note: TLM Trouble Delay should be at least 003.	
030 <input type="checkbox"/>	Test Transmission Cycle (001-255 days/minutes) 5.13
030 <input type="checkbox"/>	Delinquency Transmission Delay (000-255 days) 5.7.9

[63] Test Transmission Time of Day (Section 5.13 "Test Transmission")

Default: 9999 (Valid entries are 0000-2359, 9999 to disable)

[67] LINKS1000 Preamble (First Telephone Number) (Section 5.24 "LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator")

Default: FFFF (Program all unused digits with Hex F)

[82] Second International Options Code

Default	Option	ON	OFF	Section
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 European Dialing Parameters	North American Dialing Parameters	5.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Force Dialing Enabled	Force Dialing Disabled	5.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Test Transmission interval in Minutes	Test Transmission Interval in Days	5.13
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 1600 Hz Handshake	Standard Handshake	5.8.1
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Answer Acknowledge Enabled (ID Tone)	Disabled	5.4
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 2100 HZ ID Tone	1300 Hz ID Tone	5.4

[83] Programmable Variables

Default		
008	<input type="text"/>	Maximum Number of Dialing Attempts (Valid entries are 001-255)
000	<input type="text"/>	Delay Between Dialing Attempts in Seconds (Valid entries are 000-255 Seconds)

Module Programming

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

[87] PC5400 Programming (Printer Module) (Section 5.25 "On-Site Printer")

[01] Printer Configuration

Default	Option	ON	OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Printer Enabled	Printer Disabled
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Handshake from Printer	No Handshake
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 80 Column Printer	40 Column Printer
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 300 Baud Enabled	Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 1200 Baud Enabled	Disabled
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 2400 Baud Enabled	Disabled

[05] Printer Language Selection

Default: 01 (01=English 02=French 03=Spanish 04=Swedish)

[88] DLM-1/DLM-4 Support Timers (Section 5.26 "Downlook Video Transmission Module")

Default		
01	<input type="text"/>	Number of Pictures (Valid Entries are 01-08)
00	<input type="text"/>	Delay Before Capture at 100ms increments (Valid Entries are 00-99)

Special Installer Functions

PROGRAMMING WORKSHEETS

[90] [Installer's Code] [90] Installer Lockout Enable (Section 5.28 "Installer's Lockout")

[91] [Installer's Code] [91] Installer Lockout Disable (Section 5.28 "Installer's Lockout")

[92] [Installer's Code] [92] Module Supervision Reset (Section 2.6 "Supervision")

[95] [Installer's Code] [95] Restore ESCORT to Factory Default Programming
(Section 5.27 "Resetting Factory Defaults")

[97] [Installer's Code] [97] Restore PC5400 to Factory Default Programming
(Section 5.27 "Resetting Factory Defaults")

[99] [Installer's Code] [99] Restore PC1580 to Factory Default Programming
(Section 5.27 "Resetting Factory Defaults")

Appendix A

C O N T A C T I D

Contact ID

The Partition ID Codes must be 4 digits. All reporting codes must be 2 digits.

The following is a list of Contact ID reporting codes. The first digit (in parentheses) will automatically be sent by the control. The last two digits are programmed to indicate specific information about the signal.

For example, if zone 1 is an entry/exit point, the alarm reporting code could be programmed as [34]. The central station would receive the following:

*BURG - ENTRY/EXIT - 1

In the above example, the "1" indicates which zone went into alarm.



Do not program the following reporting codes: Opening After Alarm, Recent Closing and Event Buffer 75% Full.

Event Codes (as per ADEMCO):

Medical Alarms

- (1)AA Medical
- (1)A1 Pendant Transmitter
- (1)A2 Fail to Report In

Fire Alarms

- (1)1A Fire Alarm
- (1)11 Smoke
- (1)12 Combustion
- (1)13 Water Flow
- (1)14 Heat
- (1)15 Pull Station
- (1)16 Duct
- (1)17 Flame
- (1)18 Near Alarm

Panic Alarms

- (1)2A Panic
- (1)21 Duress
- (1)22 Silent
- (1)23 Audible

Burglar Alarms

- (1)3A Burglary
- (1)31 Perimeter
- (1)32 Interior
- (1)33 24 Hour
- (1)34 Entry / Exit
- (1)35 Day / Night
- (1)36 Outdoor
- (1)37 Tamper
- (1)38 Near Alarm

General Alarms

- (1)4A General Alarm
- (1)43 Exp. module failure
- (1)44 Sensor tamper
- (1)45 Module Tamper

24 Hour Non-Burglary

- (1)5A 24 Hour non-Burg
- (1)51 Gas detected
- (1)52 Refrigeration
- (1)53 Loss of Heat
- (1)54 Water Leakage
- (1)55 Foil Break
- (1)56 Day Trouble
- (1)57 Low bottled Gas level
- (1)58 High Temp
- (1)59 Low Temp
- (1)61 Loss of Air Flow

Fire Supervisory

- (2)AA 24 Hour non-Burg
- (2)A1 Low Water Pressure
- (2)A2 Low CO2
- (2)A3 Gate Valve Sensor
- (2)A4 Low water level
- (2)A5 Pump activated
- (2)A6 Pump failure

System Troubles

- (3)AA System Trouble
- (3)A1 AC Loss
- (3)A2 Low System Battery
- (3)A3 RAM checksum bad*
- (3)A4 ROM checksum bad*
- (3)A5 System Reset*
- (3)A6 Panel prog. changed*
- (3)A7 Self-test failure
- (3)A8 System Shutdown
- (3)A9 Battery Test Failure
- (3)1A Ground Fault

Sounder / Relay Troubles

- (3)2A Sounder / Relay
- (3)21 Bell 1
- (3)22 Bell 2
- (3)23 Alarm Relay
- (3)24 Trouble Relay
- (3)25 Reversing

System Peripheral Troubles

- (3)3A System Peripheral
- (3)31 Polling Loop Open
- (3)32 Polling Loop Short
- (3)33 Exp. Module Failure
- (3)34 Repeater Failure
- (3)35 Local Printer Paper Out
- (3)36 Local Printer Failure

Communication Troubles

- (3)5A Communication
- (3)51 Telco 1 Fault
- (3)52 Telco 2 Fault
- (3)53 Lng-Rnge Rad. xmtr. fault
- (3)54 Fail to Communicate
- (3)55 Loss of radio super.
- (3)56 Loss of central polling

Protection Loop Troubles

- (3)7A Protection Loop
- (3)71 Protection Loop open
- (3)72 Protection Loop short
- (3)73 Fire Trouble

Sensor Troubles

- (3)8A Sensor Trouble
- (3)81 Loss of super. RF
- (3)82 Loss of super. RPM
- (3)83 Sensor Tamper
- (3)84 RF xmitter low batter

Open / Close

- (4)AA Open / Close
- (4)A1 O / C by User
- (4)A2 Group O / C
- (4)A3 Automatic O / C
- (4)A4 Late to O / C
- (4)A5 Deferred O / C
- (4)A6 Cancel
- (4)A7 Remote Arm / Disarm
- (4)A8 Quick Arm
- (4)A9 Keyswitch O / C

Remote Access

- (4)11 Callback request made*
- (4)12 Successful Download zaccess*
- (4)13 Unsuccessful access*
- (4)14 System Shutdown
- (4)15 Dialer Shutdown

Access Control

- (4)21 Access denied
- (4)22 Access report by user

System Disables

- (5)AA-(5)1A
- (5)2A Sounder / Relay Disables
- (5)21 Bell 1 disable
- (5)22 Bell 2 disable
- (5)23 Alarm relay disable
- (5)24 Trouble relay disable
- (5)25 Reversing relay disable

System Peripheral Disables

- (5)3A-54A

Communication Disables

- (5)51 Dialer disabled
- (5)52 Radio xmitter disabled

Bypasses

- (5)7A Zone bypass
- (5)71 Fire bypass
- (5)72 24 Hour zone bypass
- (5)73 Burg bypass
- (5)74 Group bypass

Test / Misc.

- (6)A1 Manual Trigger Test*
- (6)A2 Periodic Test report*
- (6)A3 Periodic RF xmission*
- (6)A4 Fire test*
- (6)A5 Status report to follow*
- (6)A6 Listen-in to follow
- (6)A7 Walk test mode

* Restore not applicable

Appendix B

S I A F O R M A T

SIA Format

Level 2 (Hardcoded)

The SIA communication format used in this product follows the level 2 specifications of the SIA Digital Communication Standard - February 1993. This format will send the Account Code along with its data transmission. At the receiver, the transmission would look similar to this example:

N Ri01 BA 01

N = New Event

Ri01 = Partition /Area Identifier

BA = Burglary Alarm

01 = Zone 1

PC1580 Reporting Codes

SIA Identifiers & Auto-Reporting Code

Delay Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Instant Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Interior Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Delay H.A. Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Interior H.A. Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
24 Hr Burg Zone Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Standard Fire Zone Alarm / Restore	FA-XX / FH-XX*
Delayed Fire Zone Alarm / Restore	FA-XX / FH-XX*
24 Hr Supervisory Buzzer Zone Alarm / Restore ..	UA-XX / UH-XX*
24 Hr Supervisory Zone Alarm / Restore	UA-XX / UH-XX*
24 Hr Medical Zone Alarm / Restore	MA-XX / MH-XX*
24 Hr Panic Zone Alarm / Restore	PA-XX / PH-XX*
24 Hr Holdup Zone Alarm / Restore	HA-XX / HH-XX*
24 Hr Gas Zone Alarm / Restore	GA-XX / GH-XX*
24 Hr Heat Zone Alarm / Restore	KA-XX / KH-XX*
24 Hr Emergency Zone Alarm / Restore	QA-XX / QH-XX*
24 Hr Sprinkler Zone Alarm / Restore	SA-XX / SH-XX*
24 Hr Water Zone Alarm / Restore	WA-XX / WH-XX*
24 Hr Freeze Zone Alarm / Restore	ZA-XX / ZH-XX*
24 Hr Latching Tamper Alarm / Restore	BA-XX / BH-XX*
Duress Alarm	HA-00
Opening After Alarm	OR-00
Keypad Fire Alarm / Restore	FA-00 / FH-00
Keypad Auxiliary Alarm / Restore	MA-00 / MH-00

PC1580 Reporting Codes

SIA Identifiers & Auto-Reporting Code

Keypad Panic Alarm / Restore	PA-00 / PH-00
Zone Tamper (1-6)	TA-XX*
Zone Tamper Restorals (1-6)	TR-XX*
General System Tamper / Restore	TA-00 / TR-00
Closing By Access Codes 1-6	CL-XX
Partial Closing	CG-XX
Opening By Access Codes 1-6	OP-XX ♦
Battery Trouble Alarm / Restore	YT-00 / YR-00
AC Failure Trouble Alarm / Restore	AT-00 / AR-00
Bell Circuit Trouble Alarm / Restore	UT-99 / UJ-99
Fire Trouble Alarm / Restore	FT-00 / FJ-00
Auxiliary Power Supply Trouble Alarm / Restore	YP-00 / YQ-00
TLM Trouble Code (via LINKS)	LT-00
General System Supervisory / Restore	ET-00 / ER-00
TLM Restoral	LR-00
FTC Restoral	YK-00
Event Buffer 75% Full Since Last Upload	JL-00
Periodic Test Transmission	RP-00
System Test	RX-00
LINKS1000 Test Transmission Code	TX-00
General Zone Fault Alarm/ Restore	UT-00 / UJ-00*
Burglary Verified	BV-00
Closing Delinquent	CD-00

* Zone Number is Identified

♦ User Number is Identified

Appendix C

PROGRAMMING LCD KEYPADS

Programming LCD Keypads (LCD5500 V1.10 TNZ)

If you have an LCD5500 Keypad, additional programming is required for proper operation. The following is a description of the available programming options and their accompanying programming sections:

How to Enter LCD Programming

Follow the programming procedure as outlined in Section 4 by pressing [*] [8] [Installer's Code]. Press the [*] key. Enter the two digit Section number to be programmed.

Programmable Labels – Sections [01] - [06], [40], [44], [51], [52], [60] - [64], [66]

Zone labels and other LCD display identifiers can be customized to make operation of the system easier for the end user. The following procedure should be used for creating all LCD labels:

- Enter Installer's Programming. Enter the Number corresponding to the label to be programmed.
- Use the arrow keys (<>) to move the underline bar underneath the letter to be changed.
- Press the number key [1] to [9] corresponding to the letter you require. The first time you press the number the first letter will appear. Pressing the number key again will display the next letter. Refer to the following chart:
 [1] - A, B, C, 1 [2] - D, E, F, 2 [3] - G, H, I, 3 [4] - J, K, L, 4 [5] - M, N, O, 5
 [6] - P, Q, R, 6 [7] - S, T, U, 7 [8] - V, W, X, 8 [9] - Y, Z, 9,0 [0] - Space
- When the required letter or number is displayed use the arrow keys (<>) to scroll to the next letter.
- When you are finished programming the Zone Label, press the [*] key, scroll to "Save," then press [*].
- Continue from Step 2 until all Labels are programmed.

[01] to [06] Zone Labels (14 Characters)

Default to

[33] Fire Alarm Label (14 Characters)

Default

[34] System Label (14 Characters)

Default

[40] "Utility Output" Label (14 Characters)

Default

[44] "Sensor Reset" Label (14 Characters)

Default

[51] Fail to Arm Event Message

Default

[52] Alarm When Armed Event Message

Default

[60] First User Display Mask

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Hold [P]anic Keys prompt ON	Hold [P]anic Keys prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Zone Bypassing prompt ON	Zone Bypass prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Troubles prompt ON	Troubles prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Alarm Memory prompt ON	Alarm Memory prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Door Chime Control prompt ON	Door Chime Control prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Access Codes prompt ON	Access Codes prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	7 User Functions prompt ON	User Functions prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	8 Output Control prompt ON	Output Control prompt OFF

[61] Second User Display Mask

Default	Option	ON	OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Installer Programming prompt ON	Installer Programming prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Stay Arm prompt ON	Stay Arm prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Quick Arm prompt ON	Quick Arm prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Interior Arm prompt ON	Interior Arm prompt OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Quick Exit prompt ON	Quick Exit prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 View Event Buffer prompt ON	View Event Buffer prompt OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	7 Baby Input prompt ON	Baby Input prompt OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	8 Music Input ON	Music Input OFF

[62] Third User Display Mask

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 System Test prompt ON	System Test prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Time and Date prompt ON	Time and Date prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Auto-Arm Control prompt ON	Auto-Arm Days prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	4 Auto-Arm Time prompt ON	Auto-Arm Time prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 Download Enable prompt ON	Download Enable prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 Bright Control prompt ON	Bright Control prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	7 Contrast Control prompt ON	Contrast Control prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	8 Buzzer Control prompt ON	Buzzer Control prompt OFF

[63] Downloaded LCD Message Duration

Default
 003 (Valid entries are 000-255, 000=Unlimited Message Display. This number represents the number of times the Downloaded message is cleared by pressing any key while the message is up after timeout)

[64] Key Options

Default	Option	ON	OFF
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 [F]ire Keys enabled	[F]ire Keys disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 [A]uxiliary Keys enabled	[A]uxiliary Keys disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 [P]anic Keys enabled	[P]anic Keys disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	4-8 For Future Use	

[65] Fourth User Display Mask

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 User Initiated Call-up Prompt ON	User Initiated Call-up Prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Last Code to Disarm/Arm Prompt ON	Last Code to Disarm/Arm Prompt OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 Walk Test Prompt ON	Walk Test prompt OFF

[66] Keypad Options

Default	Option	ON	OFF
ON	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Display Access Code when Programming	Display 'X' when Programming
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Local Clock Display Enabled	Local Clock Display Disabled
OFF	<input type="checkbox"/>	3-8 For Future Use	

[97] View Software Version

[98] Initiate Global Label Broadcast

All LCD programming is done per keypad. If more than one LCD keypad are present on the system, labels programmed at one keypad can be broadcast to all other LCD keypads. Perform the following procedure in order to broadcast labels:

Step 1 - Program one LCD keypad completely.

Step 2 - Make sure all LCD keypads are connected to the KEYBUS.

Step 3 - Enter Installer's Programming, then enter Section [98] at the keypad that was programmed. The keypad will now broadcast all the information programmed to all the other LCD keypads on the system.

Step 4 - When the keypad is finished press the [#] key to exit.

[99] Reset LCD EEPROM to Factory Defaults

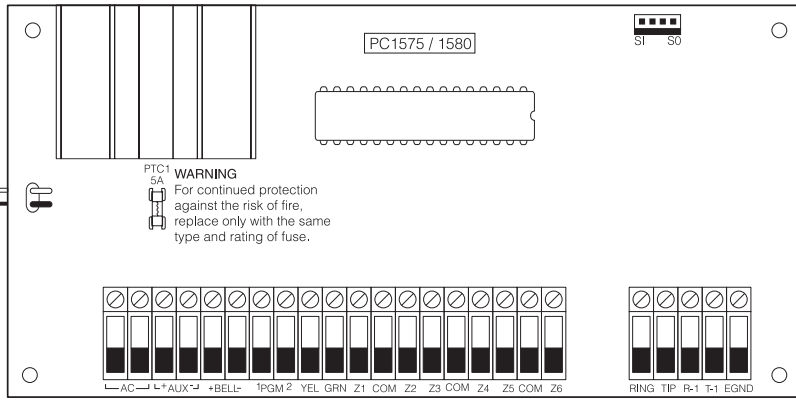
ASCII CHARACTERS

000	032	048	064	080	096	112	160	176	192	208	224	240
001	033	049	065	081	097	113	161	177	193	209	225	241
002	034	050	066	082	098	114	162	178	194	210	226	242
003	035	051	067	083	099	115	163	179	195	211	227	243
004	036	052	068	084	100	116	164	180	196	212	228	244
005	037	053	069	085	101	117	165	181	197	213	229	245
	038	054	070	086	102	118	166	182	198	214	230	246
	039	055	071	087	103	119	167	183	199	215	231	247
	040	056	072	088	104	120	168	184	200	216	232	248
	041	057	073	089	105	121	169	185	201	217	233	249
	042	058	074	090	106	122	170	186	202	218	234	250
	043	059	075	091	107	123	171	187	203	219	235	251
	044	060	076	092	108	124	172	188	204	220	236	252
	045	061	077	093	109	125	173	189	205	221	237	253
	046	062	078	094	110	126	174	190	206	222	238	254
	047	063	079	095	111	127	175	191	207	223	239	255

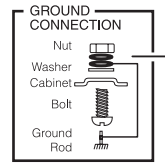
Control Panel Wiring Diagram

Incorrect connections may result in fuse failure or improper operation. Inspect wiring and ensure connections are correct before applying power. Do not route any wiring over circuit boards. Maintain at least 1" (25.4mm) distance.

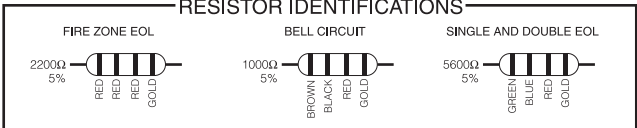
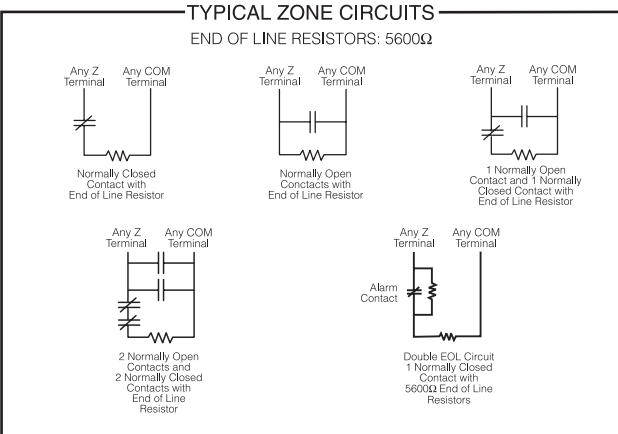
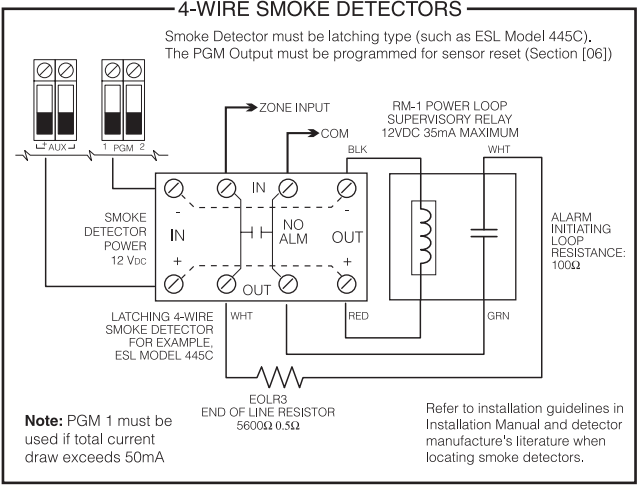
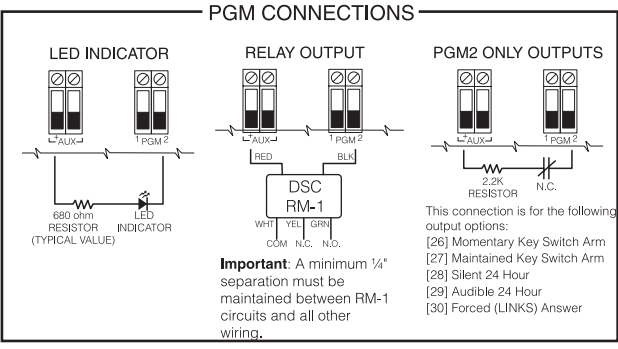
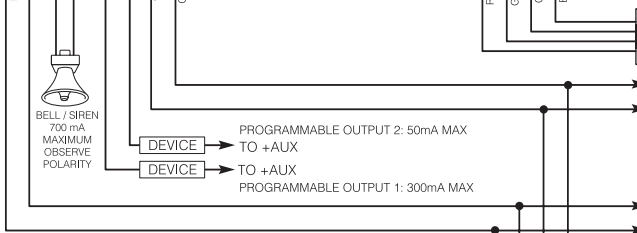
WARNING
High voltage.
Disconnect AC power and telephone lines prior to servicing.



Battery capacity for standby is at least 4 hours.
Example: YUASA MNP4-12
BATTERY 12V 4.0Ah
Maximum battery charge current is 360 mA.



50 - 60Hz PRIMARY
16.5VAC 40VA, 80VA or 120VA: Do not connect transformer to receptacle controlled by a switch.



This device complies with Parts 15 and 68 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
 FCC Reg. No.: F53CAN-30220-AL-E REN = 0.1B Plug Type: RJ31X
 MADE IN CANADA

WARNING: Not to be removed by anyone except occupant.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Digital Security Controls Ltd. warrants the original purchaser that for a period of twelve months from the date of purchase, the product shall be free of defects in materials and workmanship under normal use. During the warranty period, Digital Security Controls Ltd. shall, at its option, repair or replace any defective product upon return of the product to its factory, at no charge for labour and materials. Any replacement and/or repaired parts are warranted for the remainder of the original warranty or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer. The original owner must promptly notify Digital Security Controls Ltd. in writing that there is defect in material or workmanship, such written notice to be received in all events prior to expiration of the warranty period.

International Warranty

The warranty for international customers is the same as for any customer within Canada and the United States, with the exception that Digital Security Controls Ltd. shall not be responsible for any customs fees, taxes, or VAT that may be due.

Warranty Procedure

To obtain service under this warranty, please return the item(s) in question to the point of purchase. All authorized distributors and dealers have a warranty program. Anyone returning goods to Digital Security Controls Ltd. must first obtain an authorization number. Digital Security Controls Ltd. will not accept any shipment whatsoever for which prior authorization has not been obtained.

Conditions to Void Warranty

This warranty applies only to defects in parts and workmanship relating to normal use. It does not cover:

- damage incurred in shipping or handling;
- damage caused by disaster such as fire, flood, wind, earthquake or lightning;
- damage due to causes beyond the control of Digital Security Controls Ltd. such as excessive voltage, mechanical shock or water damage;
- damage caused by unauthorized attachment, alterations, modifications or foreign objects;
- damage caused by peripherals (unless such peripherals were supplied by Digital Security Controls Ltd.);
- defects caused by failure to provide a suitable installation environment for the products;
- damage caused by use of the products for purposes other than those for which it was designed;
- damage from improper maintenance;
- damage arising out of any other abuse, mishandling or improper application of the products.

Digital Security Controls Ltd.'s liability for failure to repair the product under this warranty after a reasonable number of attempts will be limited to a replacement of the product, as the exclusive remedy for breach of warranty. Under no circumstances shall Digital Security Controls Ltd. be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages based upon breach of warranty, breach of contract, negligence, strict liability, or any other legal theory. Such damages include, but are not limited to, loss of profits, loss of the product or any associated equipment, cost of capital, cost of substitute or replacement equipment, facilities or services, down time, purchaser's time, the claims of third parties, including customers, and injury to property.

Disclaimer of Warranties

This warranty contains the entire warranty and shall be in lieu of any and all other warranties, whether expressed or implied (including all implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose) And of all other obligations or liabilities on the part of Digital Security Controls Ltd. Digital Security Controls Ltd. neither assumes nor authorizes any other person purporting to act on its behalf to modify or to change this warranty, nor to assume for it any other warranty or liability concerning this product.

This disclaimer of warranties and limited warranty are governed by the laws of the province of Ontario, Canada.

WARNING: Digital Security Controls Ltd. recommends that the entire system be completely tested on a regular basis. However, despite frequent testing, and due to, but not limited to, criminal tampering or electrical disruption, it is possible for this product to fail to perform as expected.

Installer's Lockout

Any products returned to DSC which have the Installer's Lockout option enabled and exhibit no other problems will be subject to a service charge.

Out of Warranty Repairs

Digital Security Controls Ltd. will at its option repair or replace out-of-warranty products which are returned to its factory according to the following conditions. Anyone returning goods to Digital Security Controls Ltd. must first obtain an authorization number. Digital Security Controls Ltd. will not accept any shipment whatsoever for which prior authorization has not been obtained.

Products which Digital Security Controls Ltd. determines to be repairable will be repaired and returned. A set fee which Digital Security Controls Ltd. has predetermined and which may be revised from time to time, will be charged for each unit repaired.

Products which Digital Security Controls Ltd. determines not to be repairable will be replaced by the nearest equivalent product available at that time. The current market price of the replacement product will be charged for each replacement unit.

WARNING Please Read Carefully

Note to Installers

This warning contains vital information. As the only individual in contact with system users, it is your responsibility to bring each item in this warning to the attention of the users of this system.

System Failures

This system has been carefully designed to be as effective as possible. There are circumstances, however, involving fire, burglary, or other types of emergencies where it may not provide protection. Any alarm system of any type may be compromised deliberately or may fail to operate as expected for a variety of reasons. Some but not all of these reasons may be:

■ Inadequate Installation

A security system must be installed properly in order to provide adequate protection. Every installation should be evaluated by a security professional to ensure that all access points and areas are covered. Locks and latches on windows and doors must be secure and operate as intended. Windows, doors, walls, ceilings and other building materials must be of sufficient strength and construction to provide the level of protection expected. A reevaluation must be done during and after any construction activity. An evaluation by the fire and/or police department is highly recommended if this service is available.

■ Criminal Knowledge

This system contains security features which were known to be effective at the time of manufacture. It is possible for persons with criminal intent to develop techniques which reduce the effectiveness of these features. It is important that a security system be reviewed periodically to ensure that its features remain effective and that it be updated or replaced if it is found that it does not provide the protection expected.

■ Access by Intruders

Intruders may enter through an unprotected access point, circumvent a sensing device, evade detection by moving through an area of insufficient coverage, disconnect a warning device, or interfere with or prevent the proper operation of the system.

■ Power Failure

Control units, intrusion detectors, smoke detectors and many other security devices require an adequate power supply for proper operation. If a device operates from batteries, it is possible for the batteries to fail. Even if the batteries have not failed, they must be charged, in good condition and installed correctly. If a device operates only by AC power, any interruption, however brief, will render that device inoperative while it does not have power. Power interruptions of any length are often accompanied by voltage fluctuations which may damage electronic equipment such as a security system. After a power interruption has occurred, immediately conduct a complete system test to ensure that the system operates as intended.

■ Failure of Replaceable Batteries

This system's wireless transmitters have been designed to provide several years of battery life under normal conditions. The expected battery life is a function of the device environment, usage and type. Ambient conditions such as high humidity, high or low temperatures, or large temperature fluctuations may reduce the expected battery life. While each transmitting device has a low battery monitor which identifies when the batteries need to be replaced, this monitor may fail to operate as expected. Regular testing and maintenance will keep the system in good operating condition.

■ Compromise of Radio Frequency (Wireless) Devices

Signals may not reach the receiver under all circumstances which could include metal objects placed on or near the radio path or deliberate jamming or other inadvertent radio signal interference.

■ System Users

A user may not be able to operate a panic or emergency switch possibly due to permanent or temporary physical disability, inability to reach the device in time, or unfamiliarity with the correct operation. It is important that all system users be trained in the correct operation of the alarm system and that they know how to respond when the system indicates an alarm.

■ Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors that are a part of this system may not properly alert occupants of a fire for a number of reasons, some of which follow. The smoke detectors may have been improperly installed or positioned. Smoke may not be able to reach the smoke detectors, such as when the fire is in a chimney, walls or roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors may not detect smoke from fires on another level of the residence or building.

Every fire is different in the amount of smoke produced and the rate of burning. Smoke detectors cannot sense all types of fires equally well. Smoke detectors may not provide timely warning of fires caused by carelessness or safety hazards such as smoking in bed, violent explosions, escaping gas, improper storage of flammable materials, overloaded electrical circuits, children playing with matches or arson.

Even if the smoke detector operates as intended, there may be circumstances when there is insufficient warning to allow all occupants to escape in time to avoid injury or death.

■ Motion Detectors

Motion detectors can only detect motion within the designated areas as shown in their respective installation instructions. They cannot discriminate between intruders and intended occupants. Motion detectors do not provide volumetric area protection. They have multiple beams of detection and motion can only be detected in unobstructed areas covered by these beams. They cannot detect motion which occurs behind walls, ceilings, floor, closed doors, glass partitions, glass doors or windows. Any type of tampering whether intentional or unintentional such as masking, painting, or spraying of any material on the lenses, mirrors, windows or any other part of the detection system will impair its proper operation.

Passive infrared motion detectors operate by sensing changes in temperature. However their effectiveness can be reduced when the ambient temperature rises near or above body temperature or if there are intentional or unintentional sources of heat in or near the detection area. Some of these heat sources could be heaters, radiators, stoves, barbecues, fireplaces, sunlight, steam vents, lighting and so on.

■ Warning Devices

Warning devices such as sirens, bells, horns, or strobes may not warn people or waken someone sleeping if there is an intervening wall or door. If warning devices are located on a different level of the residence or premise, then it is less likely that the occupants will be alerted or awakened. Audible warning devices may be interfered with by other noise sources such as stereos, radios, televisions, air conditioners or other appliances, or passing traffic. Audible warning devices, however loud, may not be heard by a hearing-impaired person.

■ Telephone Lines

If telephone lines are used to transmit alarms, they may be out of service or busy for certain periods of time. Also an intruder may cut the telephone line or defeat its operation by more sophisticated means which may be difficult to detect.

■ Insufficient Time

There may be circumstances when the system will operate as intended, yet the occupants will not be protected from the emergency due to their inability to respond to the warnings in a timely manner. If the system is monitored, the response may not occur in time to protect the occupants or their belongings.

■ Component Failure

Although every effort has been made to make this system as reliable as possible, the system may fail to function as intended due to the failure of a component.

■ Inadequate Testing

Most problems that would prevent an alarm system from operating as intended can be found by regular testing and maintenance. The complete system should be tested weekly and immediately after a break-in, an attempted break-in, a fire, a storm, an earthquake, an accident, or any kind of construction activity inside or outside the premises. The testing should include all sensing devices, keypads, consoles, alarm indicating devices and any other operational devices that are part of the system.

■ Security and Insurance

Regardless of its capabilities, an alarm system is not a substitute for property or life insurance. An alarm system also is not a substitute for property owners, renters, or other occupants to act prudently to prevent or minimize the harmful effects of an emergency situation.

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1645 Flint Road, Downsview, Ontario, Canada M3J 2J6
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